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The Daily Oregonian.

HENRY L. PITTOCK, Proprietor.

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It is the policy of the Company to meet its obligations honorably, and it solicits the patronage of the public who desire to insure where they can obtain SOLID SECURITY AND FAIR DEALING.
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e28dtf

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HORSES BOUGHT AND SOLD AND BOARDED AT REASONABLE RATES.
Hacks on Call Day and Night.
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MATZES!
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Country orders solicited and promptly filled. Orders will be received at CHAS. GOLDSTEIN'S jy12dtf Post Office Variety Store.

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All orders must be left with or addressed to
B. SILVERSTONE, No. 173 Front st.
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Portland, Jan. 15, 1872. ja16dtf

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NOTICE!
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FOR ASTORIA—Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6 o'clock A. M.
FOR MONTICELLO—Daily at 7½ o'clock A. M.
n17dtf J. C. AINSWORTH, President

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COMPANY.
FROM AND AFTER JANUARY 20TH UNTIL further notice, the Steamers
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Monday and Thursday Mornings, for CORVALLIS AND INTERMEDIATE PLACES. Also connecting with the
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For information as to Freight or Passage, apply at the Office of the Company, corner A and Front streets Room No. 3. d13dtf J. D. BILES, Agent.

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Leaving Cor. Fourth and Stark Sts. at 7 P. M. Leave Corvallis at 7 A. M.
OUT FREIGHT received for the present at the Portland Warehouse & Dock Co.'s Wharf. IN FREIGHT delivered to Consignees by W. M. LOTHROP, Supt. H. A. JEROME, Gen'l Ag't, Portland. ja26dtf

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NO. 15. TIME SCHEDULE. NO. 15.
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Daily Trains will run between
PORTLAND AND EUGENE
AS FOLLOWS:

	LEAVE	ARRIVE
Portland	1:00 P.M.	Eugene 6:30 P.M.
Eugene	4:00 A.M.	Portland 11:45 A.M.

Freight Trains (with Passengers Cars attached) will run between
PORTLAND AND ALBANY
as follows:
Leave Portland at 6:00 A.M. on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, arriving at Albany at 5:15 P.M.
Leave Albany at 6:00 A.M. on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, arriving at Portland at 4:50 P.M.
Oregon & California R. R. Ferry makes connection with all Regular Trains.
Trains No. 1 and 3 are Freight Trains, and do not carry passengers.
Close connections are made at EUGENE with the Stages of the Oregon and California Stage Company.
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Tickets for sale at Company's Office.
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Freight will not be Received for Shipment after 5 o'clock P. M.
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THE ONLY ROUTE CARRYING THE THROUGH OVERLAND LETTER MAIL, making close and reliable connections at OMAHA with trains arriving from the West by
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With all EAST EXPRESS TRAINS East, North & South.
The most Elegantly Furnished PARLOR SLEEPING CARS ever used on any Railroad are now built, owned, and run by, this Co. between Omaha and Chicago.
Through Tickets to all points East can be obtained at OREGON & CALIFORNIA R. R. OFFICE, Portland, Oregon.
At COMPANY'S OFFICE, 205 Montgomery Street, San Francisco, and at C. P. R. R. offices in San Francisco and Sacramento.
Be Sure Your Tickets Read via Rock Island
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se21dtf

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FLAT AND ROUND,
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MANUFACTURED OF ANY LENGTH OR SIZE.
Wire Rope is much Cheaper, Lighter and more durable than any other kind Rope.
Hallidie's Endless Wire Rope Way,
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For the rapid and economical transportation of Ores and other materials over mountainous and difficult roads. (Secured by U. S. Patent). Also,
PATENT GRIP PULLEY,
For Transmitting Power and by which the Rope is uninjured and cannot slip.
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Cor. Oak and First Sts.
Pigeon-hole Table.
THE BEST ON THE COAST.
LAGER BIER FIVE CENTS A GLASS.
THE BEST OLD ENGLISH PORTER
All kinds of Delicacies by the Plate.
Over the BEST BRANDS OF LIQUORS and CIGARS always found at the Bar. jan17dtf

Fisk's Humorous Traits.

HIS TESTIMONY IN THE ERIE SUITS—THE GUM SHOES—PUT ME IN MY LITTLE BED.

[From the N. Y. World, Jan. 3.]

There was a vein of humor in Fisk which enabled him to bear up under all reverses. After he had been ruined in his first Wall street speculations, instead of sitting down in despondence and gloom, as most people would have done under similar circumstances, he started off to Boston, and in the cars mingled freely in conversation, and with funny stories and puns beguiled the tedium of the journey. This trait in his character appears very prominently in the report of Fisk's evidence in a suit commenced against Vanderbilt by Fisk and Gould on behalf of the Erie Railway to recover money from Vanderbilt and make him take back 50,000 shares of Erie stock on the ground that the transaction was illegal. Fisk testified as follows:

AN INTERVIEW WITH VANDERBILT.

I remember an interview with Commodore Vanderbilt in the Summer of 1868. I don't remember just when the first interview was; it was after I returned from Jersey for a lapse of time [laughter,] and on my return I made the Commodore a call [laughter;] he said several of the directors were trying to make a trade with him, and he would like to know who was the best man to trade with; I told him if the trade was a good one he had better trade with me [laughter;]—he said old man Drew was no better than a batter pudding [great laughter.] Eldridge was completely demoralized, and there was no head or tail to our concern [laughter;] I said I thought so, too [great laughter;] he said he had got his bloodhounds on us, and would pursue us till we got the stock off his hands—he'd be d—d if he'd keep it. I said I'd be d—d if we'd take it back; that we would sell him stock as long as he would stand up and take it [great laughter.] Upon this he mellowed down [laughter,] and said we must get together and arrange this matter. He said when we were in Jersey Drew used to slip over and see him whenever he could get out from under our eyes; that he had had a good deal of talk with him, and wanted to know if a compromise could be slipped through our board, saying if it could we should all be headed in the haven of peace and harmony. I told him I would not submit to a robbery of the road under any circumstances, and that I was dumbfounded that our directors, whom I had supposed as respectable men [great laughter,] would have anything to do with such proceedings.

Q.—Is that all that was said? A.—I presume not; we had half an hour's conversation, and I think I could say more than that in half an hour. [Laughter.]

THE COMMODORE'S BUCKLES.

Q.—Can you give me anything more that was said? A.—I don't remember what more was said; I remember the Commodore put on his other shoe [laughter,] I remember that shoe on account of the buckle [laughter;] you see there were four buckles on that shoe; I hadn't ever seen any of the kind before, and I remember it passed through my mind that if such men wore that kind of a shoe I must get me a pair [great laughter;] this passed through my mind, but I didn't speak of it to the Commodore; I was very civil to him. [Laughter.]

Counsel—Where was Gould all this time?

Fisk—He was in the front room, I suppose; I left him there and found him there, that I don't know where he may have been in the meantime [laughter;] the next interview was at the house of Pierrepoint; Gould and I had an appointment with Eldridge at the Fifth Avenue Hotel, and as we did not find him there we went out to see if we could find him.

Counsel—Can you give the date of that meeting? A.—No, sir.

Q.—Can you give the week? A.—No, sir.

Q.—Can you give the month? A.—No, sir.

Q.—Can you give the year? A.—No, sir; not without reference.

SECRET HISTORY OF ERIE.

Q.—What reference do you want? A.—Well, I shall have to refer back to the various events of my life to see just where that day comes in, and the almighty robbery committed by this man Vanderbilt against the Erie Railway was the most impressive event in my life [laughter;] the meeting at Pierrepoint's was a week or ten days after the first interview with Vanderbilt; Gould and I went there about 9 o'clock; we stepped into the hall together; we asked if Pierrepoint was in; the servant said he would soon; when the servant went into the drawing-room I was very careful to keep on a line with the door so I could see in [laughter;] presently Pierrepoint stepped into the hall, resembling a man who wasn't much in [laughter;] I asked him if our President was there; after some thoughtfulness on his part he said he thought he was [laughter;] during this time I moved along towards the drawing-room door, Pierrepoint having neglected to invite us in. [Laughter.]

Q.—Where was Gould? A.—O, he was just behind me; he's always right behind at such times [laughter,] and while he entertained Pierrepoint I opened the door and stepped in [laughter,] and found most of our directors there; I stepped up to Eldridge and told him we had been to the Fifth Avenue Hotel and did not find him; he said he knew he was not there [laughter;] I asked what was going on, and everybody seemed to wait for some one else to answer [laughter;] being better acquainted with Drew than any one of the rest of them, though perhaps having less confidence in him [laughter] I asked him what under heavens was up; he said they were arranging the suits; I told him they ought to adopt a very different manner of doing it than being there in the night—that no settlement could be made without requiring the money of the corporation.

DREW'S MISERIES.

He began to picture his miseries to me; told me how he had suffered during his pilgrimage, saying he was worn and thrown away from his family, and wanted to settle matters up; that he had done everything he could and saw no other way out for either himself or the company; I told him I guessed he was more particular about himself than the company, and he said well, he was—[laughter;] that he was an old man and wanted to get out of the fight and his troubles; that they were much older in such affairs than we were—I was very glad to hear him say that—[laughter]—and that it was no uncommon thing for great corporations to make arrangements of this sort; I told him if that was the case I thought our State prison ought to be enlarged—[laughter;] then Eldridge; he took hold of me; he talked about his great exertions; what he had done and consummated, that there were only two dissenting voices in the board—Gould and myself—and that if we came into the matter to-morrow the company would be free and clear of litigation, and everything would be all right, as he had got the Commodore and Work and Scholl to settle on a price; I told him I couldn't see it; I had fought that position for seven months night and day, and for seven weeks in Jersey I had hardly taken off my clothes, fighting to keep the money of the company from being robbed; and could see no reason why we should not fight it on still. He said he didn't want to go into it, but had tried to do the best he could with Gould, and myself and could do nothing, and now an arrangement had been made with Vanderbilt and it was all right and must go through that night. I said I did not believe it was legal; these lawyers were all on our side and I wanted to see my lawyer; he said that was no good [laughter;] then Pierrepoint argued with me; he said he did not think there was any one present who was not going to derive some benefit from it; Rapallo was writing at a table; Schell was buzzing around [laughter,] interested in getting his share of the plunder; Work was sitting on a sofa; I had nothing to say to him [laughter] as we were not on very good terms; Gould and I had a conversation together, and not till 12 o'clock at night did we give our consent; I told him I did not believe the proceeding was legal; that we had no lawyers; that the lawyers were sold to Eldridge—hook, line and sinker [laughter;] Gould said Eldridge had paid Evarts $10,000 for an opinion, that it was all right, and Eaton had been paid $15,000 for an opinion, and said it was legal; I told him I thought it was a queer way of classifying opinions [laughter;] Gould consented first; he said he had made up his mind to do so as the best way to get out of the matter; I told him I would consent if he did; Drew came to me with tears in his eyes and asked me to consent, and I consented.

ERIE DEVILTRIES.

Then there was some paper drawn up and passed around for us to sign; I don't know what it contained; I didn't read it; I don't think I noticed a word in it; I don't know the contents, and I have always been glad I didn't [laughter;] I have thought of it a thousand times; I don't know what other documents I signed; signed everything that was put before me. [Laughter;] after the deal once got hold of me I kept on signing [laughter;] didn't read any of them and have no idea what they were; don't know how many I signed—kept no account after the first; I went with the robbers and have been with them ever since [laughter;] after signing all the papers I took my hat and left at once in disgust [laughter.] I don't know whether we sat down or not; I know we didn't have anything to eat. [Laughter.]

Counsel—Didn't you have a glass of wine or something of that sort?

Fisk—I don't remember.

Counsel—Wouldn't that have made an impression upon you? [Laughter.]

Fisk—No, sir! I never drink. [Laughter.] I think I left a corporation and Gould owning. As we went out I said to Gould we had sold our souls to the devil. [Laughter.] He agreed to that and said he thought so, too. [Laughter.] I remember White, the cashier, coming in with the check book under his arm, and as he came in I said to him that he was bearing in the balance of the remains of our corporation to put into Vanderbilt's tomb. [Laughter.]

The next interview with Vanderbilt was several days after.

Counsel—Was Gould with you?

Mr. Fisk—Yes, sir, we never parted during that war [laughter;] we went to his office one morning and found his man Friday in the front room [laughter;] don't know his name, it was the same man I had seen a hundred times before when I had been there with Drew; we found the Commodore in the back room; I asked him how he was getting on; he said "first rate" [laughter;] that he had got the thing all arranged, and the only question now was whether it could be shipped through in advance; I told him that after what I had seen the other night I thought that anything could be shipped through. [Laughter.] He said he would have to manage it carefully. I told him I didn't see that they would be careful to go it blind. [Laughter.] He said the trade had been consummated at Pierrepoint's house. I said I had no doubt of it. He said he ought not to have been carried out; that Schell had got the lion's share, and some of the lawyers on the other side might have to go hungry. [Laughter.] He asked if we were conversant with the rest of the trade. I said I had no doubt the thing had been cooked up in such a manner that it could be put through. He spoke about putting Bunker and Stewart into our board, and said it would help both him and us to carry our stock, as people would say we had amalgamated, and Vanderbilt's men coming into the Erie Board would strengthen the market. That was admitted, but it worked rather different from what we expected. [Laughter.] I next saw him a day or two before the prosecution was closed up. Gould thought the Commodore's losses had not been so large as represented, and asked to see his broker's account. The Commodore said he never showed anything and we must take his word. He reiterated his losses and said they were so large, because when they had got him to give his order to sustain the market the skunks had run and sold out on him. [Laughter.] As we were coming away, he said: "Boys, you are young, and if you carry out this settlement there will be peace and harmony between the roads."

Previous to commencing this suit I made a tender of 50,000 shares of Erie stock to Vanderbilt. I went up to his house in company with T. C. Shearman. I received the certificates of shares from Gould and put them in a black satchel. [Laughter.] It was a bad, stormy day, so we got into a carriage, and I held the satchel tight between my legs—[laughter]—knowing they were valuable. [Laughter.] I told Shearman not much reliance could be placed on him if we were attacked, he was such a little fellow. [Laughter, in which Shearman joined.] We concurred in the opinion that it was dangerous property to travel with—might blow up. [laughter;] we rang the bell and went in; the gentleman came down and I said: "Good morning, Commodore; I have come to tender you 50,000 shares of Erie stock and demand back the securities and money;" he said he had had no transactions with the Erie Railway Company —[laughter]—and would have to consult his counsel. I told him I also demanded $1,000,000 paid him for losses he purported to have sustained; he said he had nothing to do with it, and I bade him good morning. [Laughter.]

I became director in the Erie Railway on the 13th of October, 1867.

Counsel—You remember that date?

Fisk—I do, well. It forms an episode in my life.

Counsel—What fixes it in your mind so well?

Fisk—I had gray hairs then.

Counsel—You have gray hairs now.

Fisk—Plenty of them. And I saw more robbery during the next year than I had ever dreamed of as possible.

Counsel—You saw it did you?

Fisk—I didn't see it, but I knew it was going on. I am now a director of the Erie Railway and its Controller. My duty as Controller is to audit all the bills; as director, to manage the affairs of the corporation honestly. [Laughter.]

I would like to make an apology to the court. This is the first time I've been on the stand, and I may overstep some of the rules. [Laughter.] If I do it is wholly in ignorance. It is new business to me, and if I don't keep within the rules I ask my counsel to guide me, for I don't know when I may be imposed upon. [Laughter.]

Counsel—Your lawyer will look out for you.

Fisk—Oh, I'll look out for myself. [Laughter.] Don't give yourself any trouble about that.

Counsel—You seem to be a very frank and outspoken witness. A.—Well, I'm not much accustomed to you, fellows! [Laughter;] I was never on the stand but once before.

Q.—When was that? A.—That was when I was a boy, up in the country, in a cow case. [Great laughter.]

BLACK FRIDAY.

Fisk's explanation of his connection with the famous Black Friday gold speculations is also characteristic of the man. He said:

"When Gould found himself loaded down to the gunwales and likely to go under the caused fellow never said a word. He's too proud for that. But I saw him tearing up bits of paper, and when Gould was off to lawyers of newspapers and tears am up in bits I knew then there was trouble. Then I came in to help. He know's I'd go my bottom dollar on him, and I said to him: Look here, old fellow, when I was a boy on a farm in Vermont I've seen the old man go out to yoke up Buck and Brindle; he'd lift the heavy yoke on to Brindle's neck, key the bow, and then, holding up the other end, motion old Buck to come under, and old Buck would back off and off, and sometimes before he could persuade him under the yoke would get too heavy for dad. And Gould, old fellow, Wall street won't be persuaded and the yoke is getting heavy, and look I am to give you a lift." And again in the same connection Fisk said to Corbin: "O, Gould has suck, put down on me it. You won't see anything left of him but a pair of eyes and a suit of clothes."

GONE WHERE THE WOODBINE TWINETH.

And in the subsequent investigation which took place his famous reply when asked where the money had gone "Gone where the woodbine twineth"—will be remembered as long as the memorable panic itself will.

THE GUM SHOES.

And there is a plaintive humor in the well remembered expression to Stokes, after he had been dethroned by Josie: "See here, Ned, she won't even let me leave my gum shoes in the house."

In relation to his quarrel with Mr Mansfield, Fisk sent a characteristic letter to the World, of which the following is the postscript:

P. S.—I only wish when I was in the United States I burst into tears that you would believe the truth. Years ago, before the war, I battled me so fearfully, I have a vague recollection that emotions could be aroused which would call forth tears, but that is many years ago, far back, before energy had taken a complete hold of us all, and before and then swayed the minds of men as it now does. But the memory of those days is long and I can recall them as a dream.

Fisk could upon my head and I was taught to repeat a simple prayer, and then I heard the words, My son, I must put you in your little bed.

SHORT PARAGRAPHS

The work of putting down Santee Moultrie in a defensible condition will begin immediately. The contractors will commence mounting forty heavy guns to-day. Fort Pulaski, below Savannah, is also to be strengthened with extensive earthworks and guns of greater caliber.

The *Herald* has learned of the death of Benjamin F. Washington, editor of the San Francisco *Examiner*, and scolds the telegraph operator for not forwarding the news long ago. If our neighbor had read the *Oregonian*, which always has all the news, he might have ascertained some days sooner than he did the fact of Washington's death.

The Pennsylvania Central Railroad Company are leasing more Southern railroads. Their plan appears to be to extend over the Mississippi from some point at or near Memphis and thence through Arkansas and Texas to the Pacific coast via the Southern Pacific Railroad. The project is a vast one and involves a great combination of interests and capital.

A gentleman called on a rich miser and found him at the table endeavoring to catch a fly. Presently he succeeded in entrapping one, which he immediately put into the sugar bowl, and shut down the cover. He got the man seized for an examination of this singular sport. "I'll tell you," replied the miser, triumphant grin overspreading his countenance as he spoke, "I want to ascertain if the servants steal the sugar."

A servant girl in New York saw a man in the house coquetting with the spoons. She went and told the owner thereof. He went and got a revolver and a policeman. The robber went and got out the spoons. The owner and policeman went into the house. They found the man in the room. In the dark the policeman knocked down the boarder with his club, the owner drew his revolver and shot the policeman through the shoulder, the boarder knocked down the owner with a chair and then they formed out that it wasn't any of them.

Fisk moved in that suit the other day to help him out of a scrape or to exercise his will upon. A characteristic reply took place in reply to an old woman who had bought of the elder Fisk a handkerchief worth, in paper, in the New England currency, and who complained to Mr. Fisk, Jr., that his father had cheated her. Mr Fisk considered the case maturely, and gave a decision based on a priori principle: "No," said he, "the old man wouldn't have told a lie for misery sake and then, as if this assertion needed some qualification, he added, though he would have told eight of them for a million.

Joseph Gillott, who died at Birmingham, England, January 5th, at the age of seventy-two, had a world-wide reputation as a manufacturer of steel pens. He was born at Sheffield, and removed to Birmingham when about thirty years old. In 1803 Mr. Wise of Great Britain began the manufacture of steel pens. Mr. Gillott became interested in the business, and by his wonderful talent made many improvements in the business and built up a large trade. About thirty years ago he put up the extensive Victoria Works in Graham street, Birmingham, which are to-day one of the sights of the town.

GENERAL NEWS CONDENSATIONS.

The bridges at Chicago, across the rivers, are nearly completed, much to the joy of the citizens. The Clark street bridge will be one of the first opened.

Lyman Humphrey and wife, of Bloomington, Conn., recently received the congratulations of their six sons and six daughters, on the sixtieth anniversary of their wedding day.

Three boys, aged 17, 14 and 11, respectively, recently murdered an old man by the name of S. Dickenson, at Oroville, Cal., and then fired his store of $1,100. They are under arrest.

Charles Dickens, in 1835, became for the first time attached to the daily press as one of the Parliamentary reporters of the *Morning Chronicle*, at a salary of five guineas a week. He was then twenty-four.

Twelve years ago the assessed value of property in the State of Virginia was $710,897,791. The land was valued at nearly $300,000,000, personal property at $180,000,000, and slaves at $236,000,000. The present total assessable wealth of the State is thought to be only $200,000,000, divided about equally between real and personal property. There is probably no State which has suffered so terribly by the rebellion. "How are the mighty fallen!"

There is a house still standing in Greenland, N. H., which was built in 1638, and is consequently 234 years old. It is a two story brick building, with high gable ends. It is thirty feet in length by 22 in width. The walls of the lower story are 18 inches thick, and all of the lumber which enters into the construction of the house is oak. There is a serious rent high up in the east wall, believed to be a trace of the earthquake of 1727, or that of 1775. A Mr. Weeks built the house, and it has remained in the family possession ever since—a somewhat remarkable circumstance.

Reckless Assertions of Free Traders.

From the Chicago Journal of Commerce.

The diligence, the zeal, the ingenuity, and the levity with which the expenditure which characterize the advocates of Free Trade and "Revenue Reform," are worthy of a better cause. Neither more truthful, but the carelessness that marks their assertions and partial statements, deserves a severer word than recklessness. They seem disposed to say and publish anything that will stir up political and partisan zeal, or introduce the opponents of protection to combine and work for its destruction.

That men in this way may not suppose that we accuse merely on assertions of "glittering generalities" we give them a specimen. It is a report of a speech delivered by one of the "Great Masters" of the Nation, who—the "Great Master" of the Nation—if not of the world—in this precious document:

Number of school children in Salem, 1,050.

Present quotations of wheat at Albany, 90 cents.

New postoffice opened at Fair Grounds near Salem, William Langford, P. M.

Abe Hackleman has been elected President of Linn county Agricultural Society.

The steamer Mink has completed above the Wallamet Falls and is now at head of the upper river.

The Europe is now the property of Jonathan Stone, of Oregon City, who has purchased it of J. D. Ross and Ben Holladay, Jr., who still retain large interests in the steamer.

A Bridge over the Deschutes river, 16th, gave way under the weight of a heavily loaded team of horses and wagon. The bridge is situated about one hundred miles east of the Dalles, on the Canyon City road.

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Here is this precious document:

Brown November 7.

The present duty of two hundred per cent on salt is a great wrong, for the reason that the cost of this article is thereby nearly doubled without bringing proper assistance to the United States Treasury.

The dear people pay into the hands of the salt monopolists $14,000,000 per annum in the form of salt caused by this outrageous duty. The United States Government receives annually not more $1,200,000 revenue from this article.

A strong effort is being made to procure the repeal of this obnoxious tax, and you are requested to aid by procuring signatures to the petition sent herewith.

Please do the needful, and return by mail to my address in time to be presented in Congress before it leaves December.

STOCKTON & DOWNES,
Importers and Dealers in Salt, 206 State, and 22 Commerce streets.

This is characteristic of the advocates of Free Trade. Note the assertion. Present duty on salt 200 per cent. The actual tariff fixed in 1861—is in reality one hundred pounds, which is a duty of 25 to 30 per cent.

Under what was known as a mere revenue tariff in 1860—there were imported into the U. S. 14 000 000 bushels. That paid into the treasury $21,000,000. The amount imported now is about 12,000,000 bushels, and yields to the revenue about $1,200,000.

The above circular affirms that "the people pay to salt monopolists $10,000,000 per annum in excessive cost of salt over

The Western Union Telegraph.

RAPID ENLARGEMENT OF POWER AND SUDDEN CHANGE OF BASE.

From the New York Herald, January 12th.

At four o'clock yesterday the Western Union Telegraph Company, occupying buildings 145 Broadway and 86 and 88 Liberty street, succeeded in making an almost entire change in the location of their operating rooms in this city, in a time so brief as not to excite remark at the ends of any of the hundreds of telegraphic wires now located in almost every considerable village, town and city here and abroad. This most remarkable accomplishment will be better understood when it is known that the average number of messages handled daily in the company's buildings here is 25,000.

This number was felt to be more than the rooms previously occupied afforded sufficient space to manipulate with the dispatch desired; and finally, having failed to secure the Astor House for a telegraph building, the fifth story of the old building was brought into use, and the change was completed yesterday. On this floor and in the other operating departments in the building there are between 250 and 300 persons employed. Beneath the floor upon which they operate the machines, and between it and the upper part of the floor below, more than 1000 insulated wires are laid from all possible points and for almost all possible uses in connection with telegraphing. In the other rooms are the cable department and the city department, and, with the advantages gained by the addition of an entire floor to the operating space, it is premised that in the city department alone there will be a gain of fully ten minutes in the time of delivery.

COUNTERFEITS.—A New York paper says:

"A number of exceedingly dangerous counterfeits of the denomination of $20 have lately been put in circulation. How large the number may be is not known, but the notes are nearly faultlessly executed, and it is with great difficulty that even experts can detect them. The only weak point in the execution is the central figure, which is a little too coarsely done. When presented in a package this figure is not seen in rapid counting, it being hidden by the bank or the overlaying bills. The other points of the bill are so skillfully executed as to stand the test of the strongest light.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

THURSDAY EVENING, Feb. 1, 1872.

Gold in New York, 110¼.

San Francisco Legal Ten[illegible] week at 91½@ buying and 92c sellin[illegible]

Portland Le[illegible] buying and 91½ selling.

Exchange on San [illegible] par to ¼ discount on New York, 1½@1¾ prem.

Our local [illegible] more stringency under a steady call for short loans. The stringency is only temporary, for as soon as navigation on the upper Columbia is resumed remittances from East of the mountains will be liberal. It is not advisable for our bankers to increase their capital? If they do not our merchants should see to it that some measure is adopted by which we may avoid such a stringent money market as ruled here last year, immediately following the commencement of the present harvest season. From the present outlook we will require more money for the fall business and fall than any previous year, and unless there is some such provision made for the introduction of more capital, we will be crippled for our movements.

From the San Francisco Commercial Herald of Jan. 27th we clip the following:

The question continues to be exceedingly scarce, the longstanding instance to the contrary notwithstanding. Under the circumstances it is not to be wondered at that there should be a feverish excitement in the minds of the business community of the Golden Gate that will find vent in a fall-like change. Grain freights are dull at the engagements for the season are reported as follows: Bark Thomaston, 991, lumber at Portland to Melbourne; 62 16s and returns with coal, private; Br bark Mary Ellen, 930, to Melbourne (N. S. W.), with wheat, private; bark Ocean Home, 40m Ecuador bags, private; Br bark Magdalene Bays, Br. ship La Rousse, wheat to Liverpool, 22 17s 6d.

The barkentine Jane A. Falkinburg, for Honolulu, was cleared this afternoon quite a quantity of lumber in barrels. She will receive cargo here until Saturday night and then go down the river to complete cargo.

The bark [illegible] to sail for Victoria to-morrow, under the [illegible] Dispatch will have quick dispatch.

The North Pacific Railroad carry freight over their line from Kalama to Portland [illegible] and bring it down the river by steamer. The big boat Ben Holladay will go down the river to-morrow and bring up one of the heavy freighters.

The steamer Thompson will leave for Victoria to-morrow, under the command of the Dixie Thompson.

The tug Hermann took the bark Whistler down from Port Gamble, at which place she received the balance of her cargo.

WEEKLY "ALTA" ST. REVIEW.

Produce Market.

BREAD—Quotable at $7 [illegible] Flour, Pilot, Butter, Jersey [illegible] Cheese, Cal. [illegible] Eggs, Ranch, 37½@40c; Store, [illegible] Potatoes, Early Rose, [illegible] Onions, [illegible] Hay, Wheat, [illegible] Barley, [illegible] Oats, [illegible]

Commercial Herald of Jan 27th says: It has been reported by many leading grain merchants, in explanation of the liberal Wheat supplies from Walla Walla and other interior localities where it was said "no crops were gathered, that the idle people in the valleys have been hoarding and withholding their wheat in the hope of realizing enormous prices." Wheat is now coming forward in very considerable extent. Wheat is now coming from many localities where it was supposed no surplus would be required, the noise of the "hoarders" is silenced to the voice of the people, we remark that the inactive state of the grain market in farmers' hands at a low price as much. Wheat is now coming to market in a better condition and in more liberal supplies than heretofore, and the farmers are beginning to realize that they have been misled by the advice of interested parties in the hope that grain would rise to those of this city who have been holding it for higher prices. The Wheat crop is now begging for a market and the farmers are willing to take their entire Wheat crop at whatever they can get, so they are rapidly relieved to sell at any reasonable offer

Morning Oregonian.

VOL. XI. PORTLAND, OREGON SATURDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 3, 1872. NO. 308

The Daily Oregonian.

HENRY L. PITTOCK, Proprietor.

THE DAILY MORNING OREGONIAN is published every morning, except Sunday, and delivered by carriers to subscribers in Portland at 25 cents a week. Single copies, 10 cents. By Mail or Express, to any part of the State at $10 per annum in advance; $5 for six months; $3 for three months. Advertising at liberal rates.

THE WEEKLY OREGONIAN, containing a synopsis of the best articles in this Daily, will be published every Saturday morning, and forwarded by Mail to any part of the State at $2 per annum; $1 for six months, and $1 for three months, in advance.

All papers will be discontinued at the end of the time for which they are paid. Subscribers should renew at least two weeks before the date printed upon the address labels.

OFFICE—No. 5, Morrison street, one door from Front.

SAN FRANCISCO AGENT—L. P. FISHER, Rooms 20 and 21, Merchants Exchange, California street.

Professional Cards.

JNO. S. PILKINGTON, M. D.,
OCULIST & AURIST.
Office—No. 72 First street, 3d door south of Ladd's Bank.
OFFICE HOURS—10 to 12—3 to 4, and 7 to 8 P. M. ja9dtf

DR. MARY A. THOMSON,
PHYSICIAN AND ACCOUCHEUR.
OFFICE AND RESIDENCE—Third street, between Salmon and Main, opp. to the Public Square.
Calls attended to any part of the City.
Patients taken for sale and nauseating given on the use of Electricity, at Reasonable Rates. jan28dtf

Law Cards.

B. B. SHATTUCK. D. MYRICK
SHATTUCK & KILLIN,
Attorneys-at-Law,
Room 1, DEKUM'S BUILDING, N. W. cor. Washington and First streets. jan26dtf

CHAS. H. DURHAM. CHAS. A. BALL.
DURHAM & BALL,
Attorneys at Law,
109 First St., opposite Occidental Hotel,
ja6 Portland, Oregon. dawtf

CHAS. WARREN. A. P. FORBES.
WARREN & FORBES,
Attorneys and Counsellors-at-Law,
OREGON CITY.
Rooms in Mrs. Charman's Brick Building. ja1ddm

J. W. QUIMBY. N. W. STEARNS. Notary Public
WHALLEY & FECHHEIMER,
ATTORNEYS & COUNSELORS-AT-LAW,
And Solicitors in Bankruptcy.
OFFICE—Odd Fellows Temple, No. 101 First St., Portland
ja10 Particular attention paid to collections.

JAMES F. BROWN,
Attorney and Counselor at Law, and Notary Public,
EUGENE CITY, OREGON.
Conveyances in the English, French, German and Scandinavian Languages. 424dly

F. A. CHENOWETH,
Attorney-at-Law,
ja20 CORVALLIS, OREGON. dtf

THOMAS J. DRYER,
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE
Office—Front St. bet. Band C.
mr28dtf

WM. ELIOT FURNESS, A. R. ABBOTT,
Attorneys and Counsellors,
Rs. 30 South Clinton street,
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

COLLECTING FOR WESTERN FIRMS AND PARTIES, and Investments of Capital for Non-Residents in Mortgages and Purchases of Real Estate, promptly attended to.

Our 7 years experience in Chicago for a number of years in General Practice, and in examining Titles especially, leads us to believe that we can make Collections, Negotiate Loans on Real Estate Security, and Purchase Lands for non-resident clients, with safety and advantage, and on satisfactory terms.

We refer, to—Hon. John E. Williams, Pres. Metropolitan Bank, and P. Lorillard & Co., of New York.

Hon. Chas. Sumner, and Mr. Thos. Lamb, Pres. N. E. National Bank, Boston.

Hon. J. W. Forney and D. W. Clark & Co., Philadelphia.

Messrs. Jay Cooke & Co., of Washington.

Judge Henry Booth, Messrs. Bowen Bros., and the Second National Bank, of Chicago.

Rev. T. L. Wood, Portland, Oregon. ja17d2aw6w

Business Cards.

E. M. BURTON,
ARCHITECT,
Room No. 11 Dekum's Building.
Will furnish plans, specifications and detail Drawings for all classes of buildings. Will Superintend the Erection of Buildings when desired. All Drawings Guaranteed to be Correct. CHARGES REASONABLE. jl2dtf

C. W. SURRAGE,
Civil Engineer and Surveyor.
Office—No. 111 First street. Residence, cor. College and Fifth Sts. dtf

REMOVAL.
C. NEIMEYER & CO.,
Merchant Tailors,
HAVE REMOVED TO WILSON'S BUILDING, Third Street, between Morrison and Alder, where they are prepared to receive orders.
GENTLEMEN'S and BOYS' CLOTHING made to order on short notice in the Latest and Most Fashionable Styles d5dtf

GEO. H. DURHAM. Real Estate Broker. A. M. PATTERSON, Notary Public.
JONES & PATTERSON,
Real Estate Brokers,
INSURANCE AND COLLECTION AGENTS,
Commercial Hotel Building,
SALEM, OREGON.

CITY PROPERTY BOUGHT AND SOLD. HOUSES and STORES LEASED.
FARMS AND WILD LAND FOR SALE.
Special Attention given to Financial Negotiations, Conveyancing and General Agency Business. al8dawtf

R. C. JANION, Liverpool. JANION, RHODES & Co., Victoria, B. C.
JANION & RHODES,
IMPORTERS AND COMMISSION
MERCHANTS,
91 FRONT STREET, PORTLAND.
AGENTS FOR LLOYDS.
HENRY RHODES,
AGENT FOR BOARD OF MARINE UNDERWRITERS
ly12 San Francisco. ddm

Notice.
HAVING COMPLETED THE FIRST TWENTY miles of the Oregon Central Railroad, subscribers to the Portland subsidy will please call at the Office of the Company and pay their subscriptions to S. B. Beer, Esq., who is authorized to receive and receipts for the same in my name. BEN. HOLLADAY.

News Inks
IN 25, 50 AND 100 LB KEGS. FOR SALE BY H. L. PITTOCK, 5 Washington St.

STAGE LINES.
COLUMBIA RIVER & PUGET SOUND
STAGE LINE.
RUNNING REGULAR DAILY
Carrying U. S. Mail and Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express.
CONNECTING WITH STEAMERS AT OLYMPIA for Victoria and towns on the Sound and on Cowlitz at Pumphrey's Landing and Monticello with O. S. N. Co.'s Boats for Portland.
Passengers to connect with Steamers for Victoria should leave Portland Mondays and Fridays.
Saddle Horses kept for the worst parts of the road in connecting with the Stages. Also Wagons expressly for Freight and Baggage, running Regular Three Times a week. For further particulars enquire of QUIMBY & PERKINS, American Exchange Hotel, Portland, or of GEO. COGGAN, Prop'r
ja1ddtf Monticello, W. T.

Banks.
WELLS' FARGO & CO'S
Banking & Exchange
DEPARTMENT,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
WE DRAW SIGHT EXCHANGE DIRECT on San Francisco, New York, Boston, and all the principal cities in the Atlantic States, and the Dominion of Canada.
We also draw direct on London, Dublin, Paris, and will furnish exchange on other prominent cities in Europe, Australia, South America and China.
We also sell TELEGRAPH EXCHANGE on San Francisco, and all other points desired, wherever we have communication by Express.
DEPOSITS received on certificate or open account, subject to Check or Sight, and accounts kept in Coin or Currency.
COLLECTIONS made through the BANK or by EXPRESS, any where in the United States e28tf

THE BANK
OF
BRITISH COLUMBIA
Incorporated by Royal Charter
Paid up Capital $1,562,500.
WITH POWER TO INCREASE TO
$10,000,000.
HEAD OFFICE, 3 EAST INDIA AVENUE, LEADENHALL STREET, LONDON.
BRANCHES
IN VANCOUVER ISLAND, BRITISH COLUMBIA, SAN FRANCISCO and PORTLAND.
AGENCIES,
IN NEW YORK, CANADA, SCOTLAND AND IRELAND.
Exchange for sale on
England, Ireland, Scotland, New York & Canada.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON TIME DEPOSITS at the rate of SIX (6) PER CENT. PER ANNUM for periods of three months and upwards.
Approved Bills discounted or Collected. Loans made on available collaterals
jy1dtf EDWIN HUSSEY, Manager.

LADD & TILTON,
Bankers,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
ESTABLISHED, 1859.
DEPOSITS RECEIVED AND ACCOUNTS KEPT subject to Check or Draft.
INTEREST allowed on TIME Deposits or TRUST FUNDS in sums of One Dollar and upwards. Term Deposits a Specialty.
MONEY LOANED on approved Security.
BONDS, STOCKS and other valuables received on Deposit for Keeping.
COLLECTIONS made and proceeds promptly remitted.
INVESTMENTS in Real Estate and other property made for parties.
SIGHT and Telegraphic Exchange on San Francisco and the Atlantic States for sale.
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES bought and sold.
AGENTS for the transaction of all kinds of Financial and Trust Business.

Fire Insurance.
UNION INSURANCE COMPANY
OF SAN FRANCISCO.
THE ASSESSMENT WHICH WAS LEVIED by this Company to provide for Losses incurred by
THE GREAT CHICAGO FIRE
HAS BEEN PAID IN FULL.
FOUR HUNDRED AND FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS HAVE BEEN REMITTED FOR SETTLEMENT OF CHICAGO LOSSES, WHICH HAVE BEEN ADJUSTED PROMPTLY, AND PAID DOLLAR FOR DOLLAR.
It is the policy of the Company to meet its obligations honorably, and it solicits the patronage of the public who desire to insure where they can obtain SOLID SECURITY AND FAIR DEALING.
Principal Office for Oregon,
NO. 91 FIRST STREET.
HENRY FAILING, Resident Director.
EDWIN D. BACON, Secretary.
a28d1f General Agent.

L. A. GODDARD,
PROPRIETOR OF THE
OREGON
Livery & Hack Stable.
THE FINEST STOCK IN THE CITY.
HORSES BOUGHT AND SOLD AND BOARDED AT REASONABLE RATES.
Hacks on Call Day and Night.
Nos. 114 & 116 Second St., cor. Morrison
jes PORTLAND, OREGON. dtf

Matzes! Matzes!
MATZES!
C. WOOD & CO.,
WOULD INFORM THE ISRAELITES OF PORTland and vicinity that they will manufacture MATZES.
Country orders solicited and promptly filled.
Orders will be received at CHAS. GOLDSTEIN'S
fl7dtf Post Office Variety Store.

KOSHER MATZOTHS
FOR PASSOVER.
WE, THE UNDERSIGNED, BEG LEAVE TO INform the Israelites of this city and State that we will bake KOSHER MATZOTH for Passover.
All orders must be left with or addressed to
S. SILVERSTONE, No. 173 Front st.,
S. SILVERSTONE,
M. FRIEDMAN.
Portland, Jan. 15, 1872. ja16dtf

River Steamers.
OREGON STEAM NAVIGATION CO'S
NOTICE!
BOATS OF THE COMPANY WILL leave Portland as follows:
FOR DALLES—Daily (Sundays excepted) at 6 o'clock A. M.
FOR ASTORIA—Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6 o'clock A. M.
FOR MONTICELLO—Daily at 7½ o'clock A. M.
n17dtf J. C. AINSWORTH, President

WILLAMETTE TRANSPORTATION
COMPANY.
FROM AND AFTER JANUARY 20TH UNTIL further notice, the Steamers
SENATOR & E. N. COOPER,
Leave the Dock, foot of A street, daily (except Sunday) at 6½ o'clock A. M. and 2 o'clock P. M., connecting at Oregon City with the
Str. FANNIE PATTON,
Monday and Thursday Mornings, for CORVALLIS AND INTERMEDIATE PLACES.
Also connecting with the
STR. DAYTON,
For Lafayette and Intermediate Places, Monday, Wednesday and Friday, Mornings.
For information as to Freight or Passage, apply at the Office of the Company, corner F and Front streets Room No. 3. J. D. BILMS, Agent.
d13dtf

Railroads.
NOTICE.
THE OREGON CENTRAL R. R. CO.
WILL ON AND AFTER MONDAY, JANUARY 29th, run a DAILY
FREIGHT AND PASSENGER TRAIN
from
PORTLAND TO CORVALLIS,
Leaving Cor. Fourth and Stark Sts. at 7 P. M. Leave Cornelius at 7 A. M.
CUT FREIGHT received for the present at the Portland Warehouse & Dock Co.'s Wharf. IN FREIGHT delivered to Consignees. WM. H. LOTHER, Supt.
H. A. JEROME, Gen'l Ag't, Portland. ja30dtf

OREGON & CALIFORNIA R. R. CO.
NO. 15. TIME SCHEDULE. NO. 15.
TO TAKE EFFECT WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 13, 1871, at 6:30 A. M.—for the government and information of employes only; the Company reserves the right to vary both time and connections as may require. Daily Trains will run between
PORTLAND AND EUGENE
AS FOLLOWS:

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Portland	1:00 P.M.	Eugene	8:30 P.M.
Eugene	4:00 A.M.	Portland	11:45 A.M.

Freight Trains (with Passengers Cars attached) will run between
PORTLAND AND ALBANY
as follows:
Leave Portland at 6:30 A. M. on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, arriving at Albany at 3:17 P. M.
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Oregon & California R. R. Ferry makes connection with all Regular Trains.
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Tickets for sale over the Stage Line to the below given points:
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a29dtf

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dec1dtf

Fisk's Humorous Traits.

HIS TESTIMONY IN THE ERIE SUITS—THE GUM SHOES—PUT ME IN MY LITTLE BED.

(From the N. Y. World, Jan. 8.)

There was a vein of humor in Fisk which enabled him to bear up under all reverses. After he had been ruined in his first Wall street speculations, instead of sitting down in despondence and gloom, as most people would have done under similar circumstances, he started off to Boston, and in the cars mingled freely in conversation, and with funny stories and puns beguiled the tedium of the journey. This trait in his character appears very prominently in the report of Fisk's evidence in a suit commenced against Vanderbilt by Fisk and Gould on behalf of the Erie Railway to recover money from Vanderbilt and make him take back 50,000 shares of Erie stock on the ground that the transaction was illegal. Fisk testified as follows:

AN INTERVIEW WITH VANDERBILT.

I remember an interview with Commodore Vanderbilt in the Summer of 1868; I don't remember just when the first interview was; it was after I returned from Jersey for a lapse of time [laughter,] and on my return I made the Commodore a call [laughter;] he said several of the directors were trying to make a trade with him, and he would like to know who was the best man to trade with; I told him if the trade was a good one he had better trade with me [laughter;] he said old man Drew was no better than a batter pudding [great laughter.] Eldridge was completely demoralized, and there was no head or tail to our concern [laughter;] I said I thought so, too [great laughter;] he said he had got his bloodhounds on us, and would pursue us till we got the stock off his hands—he'd be d—d if he'd keep it, I said I'd be d—d if we'd take it back; that we would sell him stock as long as he would stand up and take it [great laughter.] Upon this he mellowed down [laughter,] and said we must get together and arrange this matter. He said when we were in Jersey Drew used to slip over and see him whenever he could get out from under our eyes; that he had had a good deal of talk with him, and wanted to know if arrangements with Eldridge could be stopped through our board, saying if it could we should all be landed in the haven of peace and harmony. I told him I would not submit to a robbery of the road under any circumstances, and that I was dumfounded that our directors, whom I had supposed as respectable men [great laughter,] would have anything to do with such proceedings.

Q.—What all that was said? A.—I presume not; we had half an hour's conversation, and I think I could say more than that in half an hour. [Laughter.]

THE COMMODORE'S BUSINESS.

Q.—Can you give me anything more that was said? A.—I don't remember what more was said; I remember the Commodore put on his other shoe [laughter,] I remember that shoe on account of the buckle [laughter;] you see there were four buckles on that shoe; I hadn't seen many of the kind before, and I remember it passed through my mind that if such men wore that kind of a shoe I must get me a pair [great laughter;] this passed through my mind, but I didn't speak of it to the Commodore; I was very civil to him. [Laughter.]

Counsel—Where was Gould all this time?

Fisk—He was in the front room, I suppose; I left him there and found him there, but I don't know where he may have been in the meantime [laughter;] the next interview was at the house of Pierrepoint; Gould and I had an appointment with Eldridge, at the Fifth Avenue Hotel, and as we did not find him there we went out to see if we could find him.

Counsel—Can you give the date of that meeting? A.—No, sir.

Q.—Can you give the week? A.—No, sir.

Q.—Can you give the month? A.—No, sir.

Q.—Can you give the year? A.—No, sir; not without reference.

SECRET HISTORY OF ERIE.

Q.—What reference do you want? A.—Well, I shall have to refer back to the various events of my life to see just where that day comes in, and the almighty robbery committed by this man Vanderbilt against the Erie Railway was the most impressive event in my life [laughter;] the meeting at Pierrepoint's was a week or ten days after the first interview with Vanderbilt; Gould and I went there about 9 o'clock; we stepped into the hall together; we asked if Pierrepoint was in; the servant said he would see; when the servant went into the drawing-room I was very careful to keep on a line with the door so I could see in [laughter;] presently Pierrepoint stepped into the hall, resembling a man who wasn't much in [laughter;] I asked him if our President was there; after some thoughtfulness on his part he said he thought he was [laughter;] during this time I moved along towards the drawing-room door, Pierrepoint having neglected to invite us in. [Laughter.]

Q.—Where was Gould? A.—O, he was just behind me; he's always right behind at such times [laughter,] and while he entertained Pierrepoint I opened the door and stepped in [laughter,] and found most of our directors there; I stepped up to Eldridge and told him we had been to the Fifth Avenue Hotel and did not find him; he said he knew he was not there [laughter;] I asked what was going on, and everybody seemed to wait for some one else to answer [laughter;] being better acquainted with Drew than any one of the rest of them, though perhaps having less confidence in him [laughter] I asked him what under heavens was up; he said they were arranging the suits; I told him they ought to adopt a very different manner of doing it than being there in the night—that no settlement could be made without requiring the money of the corporation.

DREW'S MISERIES.

He began to picture his miseries to me; told me how he had suffered during his pilgrimage, saying he was worn and thrown away from his family, and wanted to settle matters up; that he had done everything he could and saw no other way out for either himself or the company; I told him I guessed he was more particular about himself than the company, and he said well, he was—[laughter;] that he was an old man and wanted to get out of the fight and his troubles; that they were much older in such affairs than we were—I was very glad to hear him say that—[laughter]—and that it was no uncommon thing for great corporations to make arrangements of this sort; I told him if that was the case I thought our State prison ought to be enlarged—[laughter;] then Eldridge, he took hold of me; he talked about his great exertions, what he had done and consummated, that there were only two dissenting voices in the board—Gould and myself—and that if we came into the matter to-morrow the company would be free and clear of litigation, and everything would be all right, as he had got the Commodore and Work and Scholl to settle on a price; I told him I couldn't see it; I had fought that position for seven months night and day, and for seven weeks in Jersey I had hardly taken off my clothes, fighting to keep the money of the company from being robbed; and could see no reason why we should not fight it on still. He said he didn't want to go into it, but had tried to do the best he could with Gould and myself and could do nothing, and now an arrangement had been made with Vanderbilt and it was all right and must go through that night. I said I did not believe it was legal; those lawyers were all on our side and I wanted to see my lawyer; he said that was no good [laughter;] then Pierrepoint argued with me; he said he did not think there was any one present who was not going to derive some benefit from it; Espalio was writing at a table; Schell was buzzing around [laughter,] interested in getting his share of the plunder; Work was sitting on a sofa; I had nothing to say to him [laughter] as we were not on very good terms; Gould and I had a conversation together, and not till 12 o'clock at night did we give our consent; I told him I did not believe the proceeding was legal; that we had no lawyers; that the lawyers were sold to Eldridge—hook, line and sinker [laughter;] Gould said Eldridge had paid Evarts $10,000 for an opinion, that it was all right, and Eaton had been paid $15,000 for an opinion, and said it was legal; I told him I thought it was a queer way of, classifying opinions [laughter;] Gould consented first; he said he had made up his mind to do so as the best way to get out of the matter; I told him I would consent if he did; Drew came to me with tears in his eyes and asked me to consent, and I consented.

ERIE DEVILTRIES.

Then there was some paper drawn up and passed around for us to sign; I don't know what it contained; I didn't read it; I don't think I noticed a word in it; I don't know the contents, and I have always been glad I didn't [laughter;] I have thought of it a thousand times; I don't know what other documents I signed; signed everything that was put before me. [Laughter.] After the devil once got hold of me I kept on signing [laughter;] didn't read any of them and have no idea what they were; don't know how many I signed—kept no account after the first; I went with the robbers and have been with them ever since [laughter;] after signing all the papers I took my hat and left at once in disgust [laughter;] I don't know whether we sat down or not; I know we didn't have anything to eat. [Laughter.]

Counsel—Didn't you have a glass of wine or something of that sort?

Fisk—I don't remember.

Counsel—Wouldn't that have made an impression upon you? [Laughter.]

Fisk—No, sir! I never drink. [Laughter.] I left and went to Gould's house and found Gould. As we went out I said to Gould we had sold our souls to the devil. [Laughter.] He agreed to that and said he thought so, too. [Laughter.] I remember White, the cashier, coming in with the check book under his arm, and as he came in I said to him that he was bearing in the balance of the remains of our corporation to put into Vanderbilt's tomb. [Laughter.]

The next interview with Vanderbilt was several days after.

Counsel—Was Gould with you?

Mr. Fisk—Yes, sir, we never parted during that war [laughter;] we went to his office one morning and found his man Friday in the front room [laughter;] didn't know his name; it was the same man I had seen a hundred times before; when I had been there with Drew; we found the Commodore in the back room; I asked him how he was getting on; he said "first rate" [laughter;] that he had got the thing all arranged, and the only question now was whether it could be shipped through in advance; I told him that after what I had seen the other night I thought that anything could be shipped through. [Laughter.] He said he would have to manage it carefully. I told him I didn't think so; that they would be careful to go it blind. [Laughter.] He said the trade had been consummated at Pierrepoint's house. I said I had no doubt of it. He said it ought not to have been carried out; that Schell had got the lion's share, and some of the lawyers on the other side might have to go hungry. [Laughter.] He asked if we were conversant with the rest of the trade. I said I had no doubt the thing had been cooked up in such a manner that it could be put through. He spoke about putting Banker and Stewart into our board, and said it would help both him, and us to carry our Erie Board would strengthen the market. That was admitted, but it worked rather different from what we expected. [Laughter.] I next saw him a day or two before the prosecution was closed up. Gould thought the Commodore's losses had not been so large as represented, and asked to see his broker's account. The Commodore said he never showed anything and we must take his word. He reiterated his losses and said they were so large, because when they had got him to give his order to sustain the market the skunks had run and sold out on him. [Laughter.] As we were coming away, he said: "Boys, you are young, and if you carry out this settlement there will be peace and harmony between the roads."

Previous to commencing this suit I made a tender of 50,000 shares of Erie stock to Vanderbilt. I went up to his house in company with T. G. Shearman. I received the certificates of shares from Gould and put them in a black satchel. [Laughter.] It was a bad, stormy day, so we got into a carriage, and I held the satchel tight between my legs—[laughter]—knowing they were valuable. [Laughter.] I told Shearman not much reliance could be placed on him if we were attacked, he was a little fellow. [Laughter, in which Shearman joined.] We concurred in the opinion that it was dangerous property to travel with—might blow up [laughter;] we rang the bell and went in; the gentleman came down and I said: "Good morning, Commodore; I have come to tender you 50,000 shares of Erie stock and demand back the securities and money;" he said he had had no transactions with the Erie Railway Company—[laughter]—and would have to consult his counsel; I told him I also demanded $1,000,000 paid him for losses he purported to have sustained; he said he had nothing to do with it, and I bade him good morning. [Laughter.]

I became director in the Erie Railway on the 13th of October, 1867.

Counsel—You remember that date?

Fisk—I do, well. It forms an episode in my life,

Counsel—What fixes it in your mind so well?

Fisk—I had gray hairs then.

Counsel—You have gray hairs now.

Fisk—Plenty of them. And I saw more robbery during the next year than I had ever dreamed of as possible.

Counsel—You saw it did you?

Fisk—I didn't see it, but I knew it was going on. I am now a director of the Erie Railway and its Controller. My duty as Controller is to audit all the bills; as director, to manage the affairs of the corporation honestly. [Laughter.]

I would like to make an apology to the court. This is the first time I've been on the stand, and I may overstep some of the rules. [Laughter.] If I do it is wholly in ignorance. It is new business to me, and if I don't keep within the rules I ask my counsel to guide me, for I don't know when I may be imposed upon. [Laughter.]

Counsel—Your lawyer will look out for you.

Fisk—Oh, I'll look out for myself. [Laughter.] Don't give yourself any trouble about that.

Counsel—You seem to be a very frank and outspoken witness. A.—Well, I'm not much accustomed to you fellows [laughter;] I was never on the stand but once before.

Q.—When was that? A.—That was when I was a boy, up in the country, in a cow case. [Great laughter.]

CHURCH FRIDAY.

Fisk's explanation of his connection with the famous Black Friday gold speculations is also characteristic of the man. He said:

"When Gould found himself loaded down to the gunwales and likely to go under the cussed fellow never said a word. He's too proud for that. But I saw him tearing up bits of paper, and when Gould snips off corners of newspapers and tears 'em up in bits I knew then there was trouble. Then I came in to help. He know's I'd go my bottom dollar on him, and I said to him: Look here, old fellow; when I was a boy on a farm in Vermont I've seen the old man go out to yoke up Buck and Brindle; he'd lift the heavy yoke on to Brindle's neck, key the bow, and then, holding up the other end, motion old Buck to come under, and old Buck would back off and off, and sometimes before he could persuade him under the yoke would get too heavy for dad." And Gould, old fellow, Will Street won't be persuaded and the yoke is getting heavy, and here I am to give you a lift." And again in the same connection Fisk said to Corbin: "O, Gould has sunk right down under it. You won't see anything left of him but a pair of eyes and a suit of clothes."

GONE WHERE THE WOODBINE TWINETH.

And in the subsequent investigation which took place his famous reply when asked were the money had gone—"Gone where the woodbine twineth"—will be remembered as long as the memorable panic itself will.

THE GUM SHOES.

And there is a plaintive humor in the well remembered expression to Stokes, after he had been dethroned by Josie: "See here, Ned, she won't even let me leave my gum shoes in the house."

In relation to his quarrel with Mrs. Mansfield, Fisk sent a characteristic letter to the *World*, of which the following is the postcript:

"P. S.—I only wish where your article states I burst into tears that you would tell the truth. Years ago, before the world battled me so fearfully, I have a vague recollection that emotions could be aroused which would call forth tears, but that is many years ago, far back, before envy had taken complete hold of us all, and before avarice swayed the minds of men as it has done. But the memory of those days is dim, and I can recall the time when my head was laid upon my mother's knee and I was taught to repeat a simple prayer, and then I heard the words, 'My son, I must put you in your little bed.'"

Short Paragraphs.

The work of putting forts Sumter and Moultrie in a defensible condition will begin immediately. The contractors will commence mounting forty heavy guns to-day. Fort Pinckney, below Savannah, is also to be strengthened with extensive earthworks and guns of greater caliber.

The *Herald* has just learned of the death of Benjamin F. Washington, editor of the San Francisco *Examiner*, and scolds the telegraph operator for not furnishing the news long ago. If our neighbor had read the OREGONIAN, which always has all the news, he might have ascertained some days sooner than he did the fact of Washington's death.

The Pennsylvania Central Railroad Company are leasing more Southern lines. Their plan appears to be to extend across the Mississippi from some point at or near Memphis and thence through Arkansas, etc., to the Pacific coast via the Southern Pacific Railroad. The project is a vast one and involves a great combination of interests and capital.

A gentleman called on a rich miser and found him at the table endeavoring to catch a fly. Presently he succeeded in entrapping one, which he immediately put into the sugar bowl, and shut down the cover. The gentleman asked for an explanation of the singular sport. "I'll tell you," replied the miser, a triumphant grin overspreading his countenance as he spoke; "I want to ascertain if the servants steal the sugar."

A servant girl in New York saw a man in the house coquetting with the spoons. She went and told the owner thereof. He went and got a revolver and a policeman. The robber went and got out of the window. The owner and policeman went and searched the house. They found a boarder in his own room. In the dark the policeman knocked down the boarder with the butt of the owner drew his revolver and shot the policeman through the shoulder, the boarder knocked down the owner with a chair, and then they found out that it wasn't any of them.

Fisk never looked either wit to help him out of a scrape or a scrape to exercise his wit upon. A characteristic story is told of his reply to an old woman who had bought of the elder Fisk a handkerchief, worth nineponce in the New England currency, and who complained to Mr. Fisk, Jr., that his father had cheated her. Mr. Fisk considered the case maturely, and gave a decision based on a priori principle: "No!" said he, "the old man wouldn't have told a lie for ninepence," and then, as if this assertion needed some qualification, he added, "though he would have told eight of them for a dollar!"

Joseph Gillott, who died at Birmingham, England, January 5th, at the age of seventy-two, had a world-wide reputation as a manufacturer of steel pens. He was born at Sheffield, and removed to Birmingham when about thirty years old. In 1803, Mr. Wise of Great Britain began the manufacture of steel pens. Mr. Gillott became interested in the business, and by his wonderful talent made many improvements in the business and built up a large trade. About thirty years ago he put up the extensive Victoria Works in Graham street, Birmingham, which are to-day one of the sights of the town.

Gerbeat. News Condensations.

The bridges at Chicago, across the rivers, are nearly completed, much to the joy of the citizens. The Clark street bridge will be one of the first opened.

Lyman Humphrey and wife, of Bloomington, Conn., recently received the congratulations of their six sons and six daughters, on the sixtieth anniversary of their wedding day.

Three boys, aged 17, 14 and 11, respectively, recently murdered an old man by the name of G. S. Dickenson, at Orpeville, Cal., and then robbed his store of $1,100. They are under arrest.

Charles Dickens, in 1835, became for the first time attached to the daily press as one of the parliamentary reporters of the *Morning Chronicle*, at a salary of five guineas a week. He was then twenty-four.

Twelve years ago the assessed value of property in the State of Virginia was $710,897,791. The land was valued at nearly $300,000,000, personal property at $180,000,000, and slaves at $226,000,000. The present total assessable wealth of the State is thought to be only $200,000,000, divided about equally between real and personal property. There is probably no State which has suffered so terribly by the rebellion. "How are the mighty fallen!"

There is a house still standing in Greenland, N. H., which was built in 1638, and is consequently 234 years old. It is a two story brick building, with high gable ends. It is thirty feet in length by 22 in width. The walls of the lower story are 18 inches thick, and all of the lumber which enters into the construction of the house is oak. There is a curious rent high up in the east wall, believed to be a trace of the earthquake of 1727, or that of 1775. A Mr. Weeks built the house, and it has remained in the family possession ever since—a somewhat remarkable circumstance.

Number of school children at Salem, 1,030.

Present quotations of wheat at Albany, 90 cents.

New postoffice opened at Rair, Grande ronde valley, William Langhead, P. M.

Abe Hackleman has been elected President of Linn county Agricultural Society.

The steamer Alice has completed above the Willamette Falls, is the largest boat on the upper river.

The *Enterprise* learns that the property adjoining the Phoenix hotel at Oregon City has been purchased by J. D. Bliss and Ben Holladay, Jr., who will erect a large brick hotel thereon for the accommodation of wedding parties.

A large fire at Rogue River valley, on the 16th ult., destroyed about 1,000 tons of hay belonging to Mr. Dalles, of Jacksonville. A snow storm set in December 15th, and lasted 3 days, two feet deep, which went off with a Chinook wind. Fine weather as you ever saw, grass growing, stock fat, except some cows that had calved late. Fixing to plow. Think this is the best part of Oregon for stock.

Reckless Assertions of Free Traders.

[From the Chicago Journal of Commerce.]

The diligence, the industry, and the lavish expenditure which characterize the advocates of Free Trade and "Revenue Reform," are worthy of causes better and more truthful. But the careless way that all their assertions and general statements possess, deserves a stronger word than recklessness. They seem disposed to say and publish anything that will stir up political and partisan zeal, or induce the opponents of protection to combine and work for its destruction.

The following may not suppose that we are merely making assertions or "glittering generalities" we give them a specimen. It is a copy of a circular gotten up in the good city of [illegible] "the Hub of the Universe," "the Vital Center of the New in fact of the world!" Here is this precious [illegible] document:

[illegible] December, 1871.

DEAR SIR:—The present duty of two hundred per cent. on salt is a great wrong to the revenue, that the cost of the salt, by article is nearly doubled without bringing proportionate revenue to the U. S. Treasury.

The dear people pay into the hands of the salt monopolists $10,000,000 per annum in excess of the cost of salt caused by this outrageous duty. The United States Government receives annually not more than $1,200,000 from this source.

A Congressman is trying to procure a repeal of this obnoxious tax, and you are requested to aid, by procuring signatures to the petition sent herewith.

Please do the above, and return by mail to my address in time to be presented in Congress early in December.

GEORGE F. DOWNES,
Importer and Dealer in Salt, 106 State and 22 Commerce streets.

This is characteristic of the advocates of Free Trade. Note the assertion, "Present duty on salt, 100 per cent." The actual tariff of 1870-71 is seventeen and one-half cents per bushel, which is a duty of 35 to 50 per cent. The amount of importation from [illegible] under the tariff of 1870 was 7,000,000 bushels, and in 1871 there were imported of salt 14,000,000 bushels, that paid into the treasury $2,100,000. The annual consumption now is about 12,000,000 bushels, and the revenue about $1,250,000.

The above circular affirms that "the people pay to salt monopolists $10,000,000 per annum in excess of cost of salt caused by this outrageous duty." What are the facts? The entire salt product of the United States is about 20,000,000 bushels, for which these "monopolists" receive less than $5,000,000! Indeed, the facts do not seem to sustain the people of the nation does not amount to $8,000,000, and yet this veracious rep. sentative of Free Trade is that the people pay $10,000,000 profits to the salt monopolists.

It is not necessary to follow these characteristic assertions any further at present. The probability is that the author of the drollery in fact is not a salt importer, and though the peace of the United States allowed the oligarchy to think, write and speak for them as they do in some other countries.

Even the ordinary grocer who keeps a little shop at the corner is not disposed to swallow assertions like those of this "Importer and Dealer in Salt," without examining into their truthfulness. Before [illegible] grocer contribute the needful to aid in the repeal of this obnoxious tax, they must have better authority for facts and figures than the assert

The Daily Oregonian.

SATURDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 3, 1872.

Democratic Hopes.

Several Democratic organs of Oregon are in high glee over the supposed disruption of the Republican party. One of them, the *Herald*, thinks it sees in the party a "breach" of enormous proportions, and essays to throw a column article into it. "The recent debate in the Senate," says that paper, "has had the effect to thoroughly estrange some of the first minds in that body from the old organization, and to make the intervening gulf quite impassable." The Cincinnati Convention to be held in May is adverted to, and "large accessions" to the Democratic party are predicted. And the *Herald* thinks it sees a probability that the party which so long upheld the crime and curse of human slavery, which gave aid and comfort to secession, and which thought it wicked to enforce the national authority against those who set it at defiance, will come again to the helm of the country.

This fond hope is as unsubstantial as the stuff that dreams are made of. The dissensions among Republicans from which such great results for the Democracy are expected are really trifling. They are rather the strife of politicians and would-be leaders, than divisions, or signs betokening divisions, among the Republican masses. All the little uproar of the past few weeks has proceeded rather from manipulations of President-makers, and from the fact that Congress now has no great questions before it, and so is free to engage in trifling squabbles over petty things, than from any serious causes in which the people feel deep interest.

It is assumed that three or four men, heretofore prominent in the Republican party, will shun that organization. Perhaps they may; perhaps they may not. That party has endured without injury much greater defections. The Johnson apostacy, which carried off Seward, Doolittle, and a host of others, left the Republican party as intact and invincible as ever. We were told then that all the first leaders of the party were leaving it as fast as people were leaving its Democratic administration once more." But Democratic prophecy wanted, and yet wants, fulfillment.

Suppose the Cincinnati Convention nominates a candidate for President. He will be some man heretofore identified with the Republican party. Will the Democratic party adopt the party's policy and accept him? Its organs say not. Then there will be his strength. Except in Missouri, he cannot muster anything that will resemble a following. In 1864 this very plea was used as a means of defeating Lincoln. The movement was vastly more formidable than any like one against Grant can be. Fremont was nominated for President, and among his supporters were numbered such men as Sumner, Ben. Wade and Winter Davis. In every State the movement appeared to be strong and great things were anticipated by the Democracy from it. The result is remembered; we need not rehearse it.

So it will be in the contest shortly to be decided. The people have profound faith in the Republican party. They have lost none of their confidence in it. Its work gives safety and prosperity to the country. It has shown itself equal to everything the people have required of it. So it will continue to do, and whatever reforms may be called for, it will inaugurate and carry out. By the discussions which have recently been evoked attention is called to abuses which require corrective remedies. This is the Republican party is applying. It has never failed yet to respond to the just demands of the country. The personal grievances of a few Senators and disappointed politicians cannot wreck its fortunes.

Political Statistics.

Gen Fenton, National Commissioner of Education, who was in Oregon last year, says in his report that "the sentiment in favor of attending schools of study in that State and of the use of means for improvement is not strong enough." The Dallas *Republican* thinks this is not just, and in the opinion we concur. All who know Oregon intimately and well are aware that the sentiment in favor of education is as strong here as in most other parts of the country, and that the general intelligence is fully up to, if not above, the average standard. Persons who have come here from New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Wisconsin and other States, and who have remained long enough to mingle with Oregon people and know them, have frequently remarked that in point of intelligence, general information, knowledge of the world, and the culture that comes from observation and intercourse with mankind as well as from the study of books, the people of Oregon will suffer nothing in comparison with those of the States mentioned. As to knowledge of books and general literature, people of Oregon are not a whit behind others who may enjoy greater facilities. Of schools, we have as many to any one could expect to find in a State so sparsely populated. Of libraries, we have more and better than can be found among any equal population in many of the older States. Of newspapers we have a greater number than can be found among any equal population in the Union in all the leading professions we have men whose learning and skill would obtain recognition anywhere. These are facts, and there is no reason why Oregon should accept as true anybody's opinion that she is behind the average culture of the times. Gen. Fenton's journey was hasty, and his observations were necessarily superficial. Had he remained in Oregon a while he would have seen reason to amend his opinion. He would have found the educational sentiment of the State by no means as low as it drew in his too hasty view led him to suppose.

"No Luck" was made, whereby the foundry company were to [illegible] their debt to the State. "The hotel company agreed to pay part of the foundry debt." These two contradictory statements appear in a single article published by the ring organ at Salem. The article is intended as a denial of the OREGONIAN's statement that "Gov. Miller made the 'deal' in favor of the Greenback hotel company." And on the strength of this denial, which flatly contradicts itself, we are asked to correct our former statement. We shall wait till the ring organs can agree as to what statement it would be best for them to make and adhere to.

It begins to look after all, very much as if our bed-rock brethren of the Democratic party of Oregon would be forced to vote for Trumbull of some similar candidate for President. For if the Cincinnati Convention of sore-head Republicans nominates a candidate the chances are very strong that the Democratic National Convention will ratify the nomination.

A Charge and a Denial.

We have received letters from Oregon City which assert that men are being "colonized" on the works there for the purpose of carrying the county for the Democrats. One of these letters, dated Feb. 1st, says:

"Two or three men yesterday returned from over the river who stated that the Boss to whom they applied for labor, asked them first if they were Democrats, to which they replied in the negative, when they were informed that they were not wanted, as he was instructed to employ only those who would vote the Democratic ticket. Being Republicans, they refused and left."

We have referred this matter to parties here who are connected with the management of the company, and they most positively assert that it is not true that any men have been employed with reference to voting in June, and that none will be so employed. They say that no man seeking employment has been questioned as to his politics, that the work is and shall be kept entirely clear of political manipulation, and that men will be employed as they are wanted without regard to the way they will vote. Further, that the company is not only not colonizing men so as to have them there by the 1st March, but it is now working a smaller force than at any former time since work began, as the pay rolls will show. Instead of putting on more men, the company has recently discharged a considerable number. The force, we are told, will not be increased till settled weather commences, which will probably be as late as April or May. These statements are given to us by those who are supposed to control the company. Republicans at Oregon City will be able to see, as time progresses, whether they are fulfilled or not.

Absurd Complaints.

A correspondent in Eastern Oregon writes that the people there are restive under the ice blockade. The last Legislature, he says, could give a very large sum of money for an improvement at Wallamet Falls, but couldn't give anything to build a road to connect Eastern Oregon with the rest of the State. The Wallamet Valley, he adds, was already provided with facilities for travel and transportation, but Eastern Oregon had none. Yet the subsidy for a road was refused. Our correspondent should not be unreasonable. He ought to remember that "leading Democrats" were interested in the project at Wallamet Falls, and the A. C. Ry. therefore had to be assisted. The remedy is simple. It is only to give Democratic majorities, or reduce the leaders of the party in this section of the State, and should not presume to sobriety-thing in return. The people of Eastern Oregon should know their place, and should are this have learned that their duty is to hew wood and draw water for the Democratic party, without complaining about it.

The growth of the railroad system of the United States is an index of national progress and prosperity. Tables just published by the *Railroad Journal* show that during the last ten years the length of railroads in the United States has just about doubled. At the beginning of 1862 the miles of railroad in operation in the United States were 32,447; at the beginning of 1872 the miles in operation numbered 62,647. Over 19,000 miles have been built during the last three years. During the year 1871 the increase was 6,211 miles. The cost of roads built during the year 1871 is estimated at $376,932,327. Total cost of all railroads in the United States is computed at $2,950,458,436.

In the Southern States there are 1,516,339 white and 2,017,396 colored illiterates. The influence of illiteracy on revenue receipts is very remarkable. In those districts where ignorance most abounds the revenue and post-office receipts are exceedingly meager, and applications for patents are exceedingly rare.

The Cuban Insurrection.

An effort has been made in Congress again to give Cuban insurgents American recognition as belligerents. This, probably, will not be successful, since the insurgents have no government and no established capital. Spain seems to treat the outbreak lightly, yet certainly it has cost her no small amount of blood and treasure. The New York *Times* thus sums up:

According to the Commissioners, from the 1st of December, 1868, to 1st of December, 1871, over 60,000 soldiers have been sent from Spain (*Diario de la Marina*, December 6th.) That is about 20,000 men per year. To this must be added nine regiments and some thirty companies of contra-guerrillas, which numbered some 12,000 a year ago of volunteers scattered over the island, they amount to 40,000. The losses of the Spanish army, whether from killed in battle or from sickness, is apparently fearful. The Madrid papers of October last stated that since the commencement of the war 29,700 men and 1,748 officers have died. The expenses, according to the *Diario de la Marina*, are something startling. They sum up $70,339,658, or almost $25,500,000 per annum, not counting other outlays increasing it some $4,000,000 a year, the calculation being that it costs Spain $1,172 about, for every soldier for each year.

The Ohio *State Journal* says: When you find a man howling about Grant and complaining that he shows a lack of appreciation of public men, it is safe to inquire what office he wanted which he did not get. Grant's friends are found among the yeomanry, the rovers of the people, who care nothing about the disappointments of unworthy men, the unselfish, industrial classes of the country, and the patriotic citizens of every kind and degree. His enemies are discovered chiefly among the many who made a grab for the spoils and were found unworthy. Those are they who find lack of wisdom in the Administration, who have doleful forebodings for the future, and who fear the corrupting influences of the appointing power, if Grant shall be renominated.

All of Bill Watkins's boarders, without distinction of party, are said to be in favor of the one term principle.

Republican State Convention.

A Republican State Convention for the State of Oregon will be held at the city of Portland at 12 o'clock, m. on Wednesday, the 20th day of March, 1872, for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Member of Congress, six Delegates to the National Republican Convention to be held at Philadelphia, June 5th, 1872, three Presidential Electors, and for the transaction of such other business as may be thought proper.

The several counties will be entitled to delegates in such Convention, as follows:

Baker	1	Tillamook	2
Benton	5	Umatilla	3
Clackamas	14	Marshall	2
Clatsop	4	Multnomah	28
Coos	5	Polk	11
Curry	3	Wasco	5
Columbia	2	Washington	9
Douglas	13	Union	5
Grant	6	Yamhill	12
Jackson	10	Lake	3
Josephine	3		

The State Central Committee recommends that the several counties hold their primary elections on Saturday, March 2d, and their county conventions for selection of delegates to the State Convention, on Saturday, March 9th, 1872.

T. H. ODENEAL, Chairman State Central Committee.
C. P. CRANDALL, Secretary.

SALEM, Feb. 1, 1872.

REMARKABLE CURE OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF THE GUADALOUPE MINE.

"THE WORK GOES BRAVELY ON."—CASE NO. 6991—SECOND SERIES.

GUADALOUPE MINE, near San Jose, Aug. 18, 1871.

DR. A. M. LORTEA & CO.—For a long time I have been afflicted with Rheumatism in my hands and feet, the pains most of the time being very severe. On the 7th of July, I procured some of your UNK WEED REMEDY, and after taking only three bottles, find that I am quite restored to health and strength. I have had the Rheumatism for eleven (11) years, and think that the success of the "UNK" in curing a disease of so long standing, in so short a time, is very remarkable.

As a tonic and appetizer I have never met with anything equal to the "UNK WEED REMEDY." During the time I was taking it I gained fifteen (15) pounds in weight. Trusting that this certificate may be useful in inducing others afflicted as I was to try the "UNK," I remain, very truly yours,

JAMES T. BROWN,
Supt. and Agent Guadaloupe Mine.

DIED:

At Semple's Island, Feb. 24, of pneumonia, James E. Charlton, son of Joseph and Margaret Charlton, aged 22 years and 8 months.

Friends of the family are invited to meet at the Vancouver boat at 11 o'clock Sunday morning.

NEW TO-DAY.

Found.

A SMALL SUM OF MONEY, WHICH THE OWNER can have on proving property, by calling at THIS OFFICE.

A SITUATION Wanted

AS CLERK IN SOME MERCANTILE HOUSE, OR as COPYIST in an Office. Please inquire of Mr. A. B. RICHARDSON at the Auction House. fe3d2t

DEPOT FOR

SHOALWATER BAY OYSTERS!

G. W. WARREN & CO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

SHOALWATER BAY OYSTERS.

Office—With C. L. Hibbard & Co., Front St., next door to Alder.

Orders solicited, by Express or otherwise, from all parts of the State, and promptly attended to. au29dtf G. W. WARREN & CO.

Ordinance No. 1134.

AN ORDINANCE MAKING APPROPRIATIONS out of the General Fund for the ordinary expenses of the City Government.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. The following sums are hereby appropriated out of the General Fund to the several objects hereinafter enumerated, for any unaudited indebtedness that may be due, and for ordinary expenses of the City Government for the year 1872:

For salaries of the following officers:

Police Judge, eighteen hundred dollars.
City Attorney, eighteen hundred dollars.
City Treasurer, eighteen hundred dollars.
Auditor and Clerk, twenty-one hundred dollars.
Street Commissioner, fifteen hundred dollars.
Chief Engineer of the Fire Department, [illegible] dollars.
Chief Engineer, for services as Fire Warden, three hundred dollars.
Secretary of the Portland Fire Department, two hundred dollars.

For pay of Surveyor and Assistants in surveying, making sections, plans and specifications for street improvements, and such other duties as may be prescribed, and the incidental expenses connected therewith, four thousand dollars.

For Street assessments, boxes and covers, and testing the Sycamore Shaft, two hundred dollars.

For grading, fencing, planting trees, and incidental expenses connected with the improving and keeping in order of the public grounds, eighteen hundred dollars.

For repairs of sewers and removal of nuisances in front of public property, one hundred dollars.

For advertising ordinances, notices and reports, fifteen hundred dollars.

For support of the Council Chamber, and the offices adjacent, including rent, fuel, lights, furniture, repairs and incidental expenses, two thousand, two hundred dollars.

For supply of water to citizens, hydrants and public buildings, twelve hundred dollars.

For quarterly allowances to the several Fire Companies, thirty-six hundred dollars.

For the erection and repair of Fire Hydrants, one thousand dollars.

For the construction of Cisterns, and connecting Cisterns with water mains, twelve hundred dollars.

For repairs to Cisterns and Hose, including new hose where required, fifteen hundred dollars.

For repairs to Engines and Fire apparatus, and furnishing supplies to the several Fire Companies, fifteen hundred dollars.

For repairs to Engine Houses, six hundred dollars.

For expenses of investigations as to the best mode of supplying the city with water, twenty-five hundred dollars.

For new Fire Hose, sixteen hundred dollars.

For the purchase of part of Block 316 for street assessment, thirty-one 80-100 dollars.

Section 2. The balances of appropriations made out of the General Fund, prior to January 1, 1872, remaining unexpended, are hereby cancelled and returned to the General Fund.

Passed the Common Council Jan. 31, 1872.

W. S. CALDWELL, Auditor and Clerk.

Approved Feb. 1, 1872.

PHILIP WASSERMAN, Mayor.

fe3d2t

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES for the District of Oregon. Assignee Sale.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, Assignee of the estate of J. B. Nichols, bankrupt, will on Saturday, February the 24th, 1872, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 2 o'clock P. M. of said day, at the Auction Room of A. B. Richardson, Front street, Portland, Oregon, sell the entire stock of Men's Boots and Shoes, Ladies' and Children's Shoes at Public Auction, belonging to the estate of said bankrupt. Terms of sale, cash in U. S. gold coin. JOSEPH HAGEMAN, Assignee.

A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer. fe3dtd

AVERILL

CHEMICAL PAINT

The Most Durable,

AND

THE

Most Beautiful

AND

Most Convenient Paint for all Purposes yet Discovered.

IT IS PREPARED READY FOR APPLICATION: IS made of several shades of color, which may be changed to suit the taste, by mixing one with another, and is put up in cans of one and five gallons each.

A few handsome shades of this celebrated paint have just been received DIRECT FROM THE ORIGINAL NEW YORK FACTORY by SMITH & DAVIS,
Portland, Oge., Aug. 10th, 1871. 74 Front st.
aug19dtf

CLOTHING AT COST!

A. ROBERTS,

No. 36 Washington St.,

Is Disposing of his Present Stock

AT COST!

IN ORDER TO MAKE ROOM FOR THE MANUFACTURE OF CLOTHING on an Extensive Scale.
ja16dtf

SUGARS.

EX BARKENTINE GRACE ROBERTS,

FROM HONOLULU Direct,

4,400 kegs ISLAND SUGARS,

ASSORTED GRADES.

For Sale by

ALLEN & LEWIS.
d12d

MUTUAL RELIEF ASSOCIATION!

OF PETALUMA.

W. B. MATTHEWS, AGENT FOR OREGON, will receive the names of persons wishing to join this association.

66 MEMBERS HAVE ALREADY JOINED IN THIS CITY.

For further particulars call on or address

W. B. MATTHEWS,
Cor. Alder and First Streets, Portland;
Or Bear of Atkinson & Woodward.
ja25-3m

T. J. SLOAN, A. M., M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIST.—OFFICE AND RESIDENCE—Dekum's Buildings, Cor. First and Washington Sts. Open at all hours, Night and Day, except when on professional calls. Full supply of Cases and Books for Domestic Practice for Sale. fe2dtf

REAL ESTATE!

REAL ESTATE!

STITZEL & UPTON,

Cor. Front & Washington Sts,

PORTLAND, OREGON,

Will attend to the Purchase and Sale

OF

REAL ESTATE!

LOANS NEGOTIATED

On First Mortgage Real Estate and Collateral Securities.

REFERENCES BY PERMISSION:

MESSRS. LADD & TILTON, Bankers.
PHILIP WASSERMAN, Mayor of the City of Portland.
JAMES STARK, Cashier of the First National Bank.
S. G. REED, Vice President O. S. N. Co.
ELIJAH BROOKS, Broker.

WE BEG LEAVE AT THIS TIME TO CALL ATTENTION to the following list of CHOICE FARMING LANDS. Parties desiring to purchase can do no better than to call and examine our Price List of Lands left for sale at our office. A GOOD TEAM is always in readiness to convey parties desiring to purchase on to the Lands Free of Charge.

WE HAVE FOR SALE A LARGE AMOUNT OF

CHOICE HOMESTEAD & BUSINESS PROPERTY!

Situated in

Portland and East Portland!

Parties desiring to procure Homesteads in East Portland, should give us a call. We can sell them Property on very Easy Terms. By making a Small Payment down time will be given to suit purchaser on the balance.

No. (404.) 106 ACRE FARM for sale, well improved, situated 3 miles from Hillsboro, 16 miles from Portland, in Washington county; 125 acres in good cultivation; frame house and barn; school and church near by. Terms reasonable. Apply to

STITZEL & UPTON,
Corner Front and Washington streets.

No. (403.) IMPROVED FARM for sale, one mile from Hillsboro, the county seat of Washington county, containing 310 acres; 95 acres improved; good orchard; lays on the public road; balance of land easily cleared; good house; price reasonable; terms easy.

No. (402.) FOR SALE—50 acres timbered land; near the railroad; in Washington county; price, $550. Apply to STITZEL & UPTON.

No. (401.) FOR SALE, by Stitzel & Upton, a small homestead, situated in Washington county, containing 11½ acres; all in cultivation; choice land; small frame house and log barn; all under fence; 3½ miles from Hillsboro; 14 miles from Portland; school near by; price $2,250.

No. (400.) 400 ACRE FARM for sale, located 4 miles south of Forest Grove, in Washington county, immediately on the line of the Oregon Central Rail Road. 330 acres under fence; 2500 acres in cultivation; about 100 acres of beaver dam land; easily cleared; house and barn; improvements not very good; plenty of running water; price $10,200; half cash; balance secured by mortgage; interest 10 per cent.

No. (407.) For sale by STITZEL & UPTON, a choice IMPROVED FARM, situated on the Willamette river, 50 miles above Oregon City, in Marion county, containing 695 acres; 200 acres in good cultivation; 200 acres more of open swale land; good wood yard and ferry privilege; two orchards; frame house and barn; also log house and barn; large warehouse on the river; 125 acres of choice timber. Price, $6,650, on easy terms.

No. (405.) For sale by STITZEL & UPTON, a GOOD GRAIN AND STOCK FARM, containing 270 acres, situated on the Salem Prairie; 50 acres in good cultivation; balance timber and open brush land; situated 3½ miles east of Salem, and 1½ miles from the same distance from the Fair grounds; good orchard and a large stock range near by. Terms, reasonable.

No. (288.) 640 ACRE TRACT: A fine stock farm for sale, situated on the county road leading from Oregon City to Salem; one-half mile to school house; 3 miles to church; 6 miles to the railroad; all under good fence; about 100 acres in cultivation; large frame house well furnished; two large barns; shelter for 100 head of cattle; good orchard; 300 acres of choice bottom land. Price, $6,000. Terms, easy.

Anticipate the Railroad.

No. (399)—A FINE FARM for sale in Polk county, containing 320 acres—225 acres smooth, open prairie, rich black soil; balance of the land scattering oak timber and brush; good frame dwelling house—fine orchard and plenty of shrubbery; a number of fine springs on the place; about 70 acres in cultivation; a good well of water. Situated in Dallas, Polk county. Price reasonable, terms easy.

No. (396.) 588 acres CHOICE FARM, situated on the Willamette river in Clackamas Co., known as BOONE'S FERRY; distance from Portland 16 miles on the Boone's Ferry road; 50 acres in cultivation; 80 acres of choice beaver dam land, about 40 acres of which is in meadow; two frame houses, one new; three barns, all good, besides all other out-buildings necessary to a farm; 80 acres of choice timber on the place; balance of the land easily cleared. The above farm is one of the best located in the State, and is now offered for the first time, together with the ferry privilege, boats, etc., will on become therefrom of $2,000 per year. Price reasonable; terms easy; school-house on the place.

No. (395.) 800 ACRE CHOICE FARM for sale, only 14 miles northwest of Portland, in Washington county; 450 acres in a high state of cultivation; balance of the land easily cleared; a large amount of open swale land; 25 acres of beaver dam; the improvements on the place are all of the very best; large, new frame house, two frame barns, good orchard. The above desirable farm is located in one of the best counties in Oregon; situated near Portland, the commercial city of the State, the land must in a very short time become valuable; lays on the public road leading from Portland to Centerville; school house on the place; church near by. Terms, one-half cash; balance, easy terms, with interest at the rate of 8 per cent. per annum.

A NUMBER OF CHOICE IMPROVED FARMS for sale, well located, situated in Yamhill county. Apply to STITZEL & UPTON.

270 ACRE TRACT OF CHOICE LAND for sale, near the town of Cornelius, in Washington county, mostly unimproved. Price reasonable, terms easy. Apply to STITZEL & UPTON.

5,020 ACRES OF CHOICE LANDS for sale, in lots to suit purchasers, partly improved, situated in Clackamas county. Prices reasonable, terms easy. Apply to STITZEL & UPTON.

(No. 410.) 400 ACRE FARM FOR SALE, only 10 miles west of Portland, immediately on the line of the railroad; two miles from Reedsville depot; all choice land; 175 acres in good cultivation; good farm house; (inferior barn); fences good; running water on the place; good orchard; plenty of good timber. Price, $10,000—one half cash, balance secured by mortgage.

5,000 ACRES OF UNIMPROVED LAND for sale in Washington county, six miles from the railroad. Price, from $3.75 to $5 per acre. Apply to STITZEL & UPTON.
fe2dtf

Amusements.

Oro Fino Theater.

Lessee and Manager.....GEO. B. WALDRON
Stage Manager.....GEO. F. BIRD

SATURDAY MATINEE,
BEL DEMONIO!
SATURDAY EVENING, FEB. 3D, 1872,
LAFITTE!
The Pirate of the Gulf.
G. B. WALDRON as.....LAFITTE.
To commence with a
FAVORITE FARCE!

ADMISSION—Dress Circle, $1; Gallery, 50 cents. Box Office open from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M., where Seats can be secured without extra charge.

BALL!

To be Given by the
PORTLAND TURN VEREIN
At
PHILHARMONIC HALL,
Monday Even'g, Feb. 5, 1872.

TICKETS—ONE DOLLAR—To be had at Alsky & Hegele's, and from members of the Society. No improper persons admitted. ja31d5s

A MUSICAL AND LITERARY ENTERTAINMENT!

Will be given at the
UNITARIAN CHAPEL
On
Friday Evening, Feb. 9th.

The Programme will be published next week. TICKETS—50 CENTS—To be obtained of the members and friends of the Church. fe2dtd

CARDINELL'S
Dancing Academy.

Front street (between Yamhill and Taylor).

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN'S CLASS MONDAY and Thursday evenings. Children's Class Saturday from 10 A. M. to 1.30 P. M. Private lessons given. Soirees on Saturday evenings. d1dtf

C. PARRISH, WIFE AND DAUGHTER,
Formerly of California,
Dancing School
PHILHARMONIC HALL,
ON SATURDAY EVENING.

ALL THEIR LATEST STYLES OF DANCING TAUGHT. Terms—8 nights, $5, including Gentleman and Lady. N. B.—We are prepared to Teach Clubs at Reasonable Rates. jl3d1m

THE SKATING RINK
AT THE
PAVILION, PORTLAND, OREGON.

Skating Every Morning, from 10 to 12 o'clock, every Afternoon from 2 to 4 o'clock, and Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday Evenings, from 7½ to 9½ o'clock, when there will be Music by a full BRASS BAND, under the Leadership of John A. Cordes.

ADMISSION, TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Tickets for Morning and Afternoon, admission can be purchased by the package at $1 00 per dozen; and for Evening admission at $2 50 per dozen.

USE OF SKATES, 25 Cents.

At these prices the RINK is a cheap and desirable place of resort, and all classes are enabled to indulge in this pleasant and healthful exercise.

IMPERIAL

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY!

OF LONDON.

ESTABLISHED IN 1803.

Capital Stock Subscribed.....$6,000,000 00
do Paid up.....3,500,000 00
Total Cash Assets.....6,518,895 48
Deposit in Oregon.....50,000 00

INCREASE IN ASSETS,

From January 1st to October 31st, 1871, after Paying all Losses, including those at Chicago,

$490,510 40!

THIS COMPANY'S BUSINESS IS DEVOTED EXclusively to Fire Insurance and it is the ONLY ENGLISH COMPANY represented in America, doing a FIRE INSURANCE business with an ample Capital and large Accumulated Funds not Liable for Life or Marine Losses.

FALKNER, DELL & CO.,
General Agents for the Pacific Coast,
420 Clay street, San Francisco.

HEWETT, FLOWERDEW & CO.,
General Agents
fe3dlm For Oregon and Washington Territory.

LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE

INSURANCE COMPANY!

TOTAL ASSETS, GOLD,

$20,869,079 04!

Assets in the United States, held by the Directors in New York.

$3,054,361 24!

ALL THE SHAREHOLDERS PERSONALLY RESPONSIBLE FOR THE ENGAGEMENTS OF THE COMPANY.

J. G. PARKER, JR., PORTLAND,

AGENT

FOR OREGON AND WASHINGTON TERRITORY.
fe3dlm

MRS. M. C. WHITE,

TEACHER OF
ROBBINS' AMERICAN METHOD
OF THE
Pianoforte, Guitar and Organ.

RECENTLY FROM THE EAST, AND MORE RECENTLY FROM San Francisco, is stopping at J. O. Carson's N. W. cor. Jefferson and Third Sts., back of the New Congregational Church, where she would be glad to see all interested in music, and wish to learn to play in the shortest possible time. By this method a pupil sees at sight what the fingers are required to perform; giving a more thorough knowledge of harmony and thorough bass learning to play the Piano and Organ in one-half the time of the old method. Please give her an immediate call and inquire what the method is.

At home from 3 to 4, and 6 to 9 P. M.

Mrs. WHITE is also Agent and has for sale, Wm. McCammon's celebrated full iron rim Pianos; of Albany N. Y. ja4-1m2p

STORAGE! STORAGE!

Can be had at the

BRICK BUILDING,

Front St., next to Allen & Lewis.

Inquire at A. MOLLER & CO.'S, No. 86 Front Street.
ja27dlm

P. VAN ERIDACH,

FRENCH MILLINERY & DRY GOODS STORE,

No. 79 First Street,

fe1 DEKUM'S BUILDING. d1f

"ARRIAN'S ALE!"

JUST RECEIVED DIRECT FROM LIVERPOOL, A consignment of "Thirty Casks" of this Celebrated English Ale in bulk. For sale by

ja16dlm MILLARD & VAN SCHUYVER.

Received Ex Steamer "Gussie Telfair,"

ONE HUNDRED TONS OF
DOUGLAS COAL!

Pronounced to be the Best Coal for Domestic use,

WHICH WE OFFER FOR SALE CHEAP TO CONsumers.
j27dlm KOSHLAND BROS.,
103 First Street.

Ocean Steamers.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO, DIRECT.

Carrying the U. S. Mail.

THE NORTH PACIFIC TRANSPORTATION COMPANY'S Steamship

ORTER AMMEN

R. S. FLOYD.....Commander,

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf at foot of P Street, for the above port on

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1872,

At 4 o'clock, P. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner F and Front Streets.
GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

For PortTownsend, Seattle, Steilacoom, Olympia, & Victoria.

THE NORTH PACIFIC TRANSPORTATION CO.'S Steam Propeller

CALIFORNIA.

JOHN HAYES.....Commander.

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf, at foot of P Street, for the above ports on

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1872,

At 2 o'clock P. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner of F and Front Street.
GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

For San Juan, Nanaimo and Sitka.

Carrying the United States Mail.

THE NORTH PACIFIC TRANSPORTATION COMPANY'S Steamer

"GUSSIE TELFAIR"

T. J. AINSLEY.....Commander,

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf at foot of F street, for the above ports, on

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1872,

At 4 o'clock P. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner of F and Front streets.
GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE

OF ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS,

Sailing from New York

Every Saturday and Alternate Tuesday

Cabin (gold).....$75 00
Steerage Passage to Liverpool (currency).....30 00
Cabin (gold).....
Steerage (currency).....
Round Trip Tickets issued at very low rates.

JOHN G. DALY, Agent,
29 Broadway, New York
Or GEO. W. WEIDLER,
Office, F and Front Sts., Portland, Or.

WHAT'S THE DIFFERENCE

Between our Local Companies and the

NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL?

THE DIFFERENCE IS JUST THIS: OUR LOCAL Companies are under the control of *Stock Presidents and Directors*, who squeeze the orange and give you the peel. They have had little experience in the business and are about as likely to go wrong as right; their running expenses are from thirty per cent. of the receipts; their Policies are *forfeited* on non-payment of premiums, and are subject to assessment beyond a certain amount, and they are allowed by law to invest their capital in anything which they may choose, even in the stocks of mines in this country, and may do the same again. On the other hand, look at the old line home

NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL,

Only thirty-seven years old—purely mutual—dividing all profits among the insured; *no Stockholders*, managed by men with the experience of a quarter of a century, with a big as comfortable capital as any; reduced running expenses; *all Policies non-forfeitable and exempt from execution to any extent*; restricted by State law from engaging in any wild cat speculations; and to cap the whole, divided last year $71,000 to the policy holders among its Policy-holders; some companies have not yet distributed a cent, *except some thousand dollars to stockholders*, and nobody knows when they are likely to. Do you see the point? I guess you do.

Yes, I do; and I'll insure with the New England. I'll see the Superintendent of Agencies, Jos. MIDDLEMISS, Oregon Office, at Salesroom, No. 8 Front St., and let him send my application on to the Gen'l Agent, W. L. LEVERSON.

JOSEPH MIDDLEMISS,
Oregon Supt. of Agency,
jal4dtf Office—8 Front Street.

HOME

MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF SAN FRANCISCO.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.

Capital.....$1,000,000

JOHN H. REDINGTON.....President.
GEO. H. HOWARD.....Vice President.
OMAR D. STORY.....Secretary.
N. B. EDDY.....Marine Secretary.
H. H. BIGELOW.....General Manager.

DIRECTORS:

Oregon Branch.

PORTLAND—P. Wasserman, C. H. Lewis, B. Goldsmith, D. Buckley, Lloyd Brooks.
SALEM.....L. F. Grover.
ALBANY.....A. Chamberlain.
DALLAS.....D. M. French.
LEWISTON.....J. Loewenberg.

HAMILTON BOYD,
Agent for Oregon and Washington Territory.
d22dtf2p

CORBETT FAILING & CO.,

HENRY FAILING AND H. W. CORBETT & CO.,

IMPORTERS OF AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

HARDWARE,

CUTLERY,

MECHANICS' TOOLS,

IRON and STEEL,

ROPE, ETC., ETC.

Agents for the Sale of

DUPONT'S GUNPOWDER.

Nos. 53 & 55 Front St.,

PORTLAND, OREGON.
Portland, January 2, 1871. ja2dtf

For San Francisco.

THE BARKENTINE

AMELIA,

HENDERSON.....Master,

Will Sail for the above Port with Despatch.

For Freight apply to

J. MCCRAKEN & CO.,
fe1d3t 14 and 16 North Front Street.

FOR HONOLULU,

Hawaiian Islands.

THE A 1 CLIPPER BARKENTINE

JANE A. FALKINBURG,

WILLIAM CATTHART.....Master,

Will have Quick Despatch.

For Freight or Passage apply to the
fe1d3t CAPTAIN, ON BOARD, or to ALLEN & LEWIS.

Auction and Commission.

A. B. RICHARDSON,
AUCTIONEER
Corner of Front and Oak Streets.

AUCTION SALES
OF REAL ESTATE, GROCERIES, GENERAL MERCHANDISE AND HORSES

Sale Days—Wednesday and Saturday.

A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

At Private Sale,

ENGLISH REFINED BAR and BUNDLE IRON, SQUARE & OCTAGON CAST STEEL, HORSE SHOES, FILES, RASPS, SAWS, BOLTS, SHOVELS, FRY-PANS, SHEET IRON, R. C. IRON, Large assortment of GROCERIES & LIQUORS.

A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

Regular and Peremptory Sale

OF

Elegant Furniture!

I WILL SELL AT THE STORE FORMERLY OCCUPIED by M. Hawley, Davis & Co., on A. B.'s Auction Sales Room, on

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 3D, 1872,

At 10 o'clock A. M.,

Parlor Furniture,

ONE ELEGANT ROSEWOOD PARLOR SET;
ONE ELEGANT MIRROR;
ONE ELEGANT MARBLE-TOP TABLE;
45 yards BRUSSELS CARPET;

Bed-room Furniture,

ONE ELEGANT WALNUT BEDROOM SET;
TWO FINE MAHOGANY BED ROOM SETS;
TWO FINE OAK FEATHER BED ROOM SETS;

HAIR, SPRING AND WOOL MATTRESSES;
FEATHER BOLSTERS AND PILLOWS;
PILLOW SLIPS, Etc., Etc.

ALSO,

DINING-ROOM and KITCHEN FURNITURE.

A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

JOSEPH MIDDLEMISS,

Auction, Commission and Sales Agent,
MERCHANT,
8 Front St. (Central Block),
PORTLAND.

JOSEPH MIDDLEMISS, Auctioneer.

Regular Sale Days, Tuesday and Friday.

STORAGE

Can be had at the
Brick Building No. 8 Front street,
CENTRAL BLOCK, PORTLAND.

FOR STORAGE ON BULKY MERCHANDISE, APPLY AT WAREHOUSE OF JOSEPH MIDDLEMISS,
8 Front Street, Central Block, Portland.

SADDLERY AND HARNESS.

S. SHERLOCK & CO.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Saddles, Harness,

SADDLERY HARDWARE

Such as Concord Stage and Buggy Harness, &c., &c.

SALE ROOMS—No 61 Front St. and No 62 First St., Portland.

Jy3 Have on hand a LARGE STOCK of the above goods.

J. B. CONGLE & CO

68 FRONT STREET, PORTLAND,

Between Washington and Alder Sts., Two Doors from the Corner,

SADDLERY HARDWARE

Saddles, Bridles,

WHIPS AND HARNESS

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
j3dtf

NOTICE.

THE LIVERPOOL AND LONDON AND

GLOBE INSURANCE CO.,

INSURING THE PEOPLE AND

Fire Risks of the

PACIFIC INSURANCE COMPANY,

Recognizes its liability to the Policy holders directly, and agrees to treat all such Policies accordingly.

Should any party not feel entirely satisfied with this assurance, and desire to hold a Policy of the Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company for the unexpired time expressed in their Pacific Policies, he can have same FILLED by surrendering the Pacific policy and paying simply for the charges required on the new policy.

W. B. JOHNSTON,

GENERAL AGENT,

No. 412 Montgomery Street,

ja16dtf SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

The Daily Oregonian.

SATURDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 3, 1872.

CITY.

MRS. BATES.—The following [illegible] Mrs. Bates, which we clip from a

The Daily Oregonian.

SATURDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 3, 1872.

Democratic Hopes.

Several Democratic organs of Oregon are in high glee over the supposed disruption of the Republican party. One of them, the *Herald*, thinks it sees in the party a "breach" of enormous proportions, and essays to throw a column article into it. "The recent debate in the Senate," says that paper, "has had the effect to thoroughly estrange some of the first minds in that body from the old organization, and to make their re-uniting all but impossible." The Cincinnati Convention to be held in May is adverted to, and "large accessions" to the Democratic party are predicted. And the *Herald* thinks it sees a probability that the party which so long upheld the crime and curse of human slavery, which gave aid and comfort to secession, and which though it wicked to enforce the national authority against those who set it at defiance, will come again to the helm of the country.

This fond hope is as numberless as the stuff that dreams are made of. The dissentions among Republicans from which such great results for the Democracy are expected are really trifling. They are rather the strife of politicians, and will be less serious than divisions, or signs betokening divisions among the Republicans of old. All the little uproar of the past few weeks has proceeded rather from manipulations of President-makers and from the fact that Congress now has no great questions before it, and so is free to engage in trifling squabbles over petty things, than from any serious causes in which the people feel deep interest.

It is assumed that three or four men, heretofore prominent in the Republican party, will abandon their organization. Perhaps they may; perhaps they may not. That party has endured without injury much greater defections. The Johnson apostacy, which carried off Seward, Chase, Doolittle, and a host of others, left the Republican party as intact and invincible as ever. We were told then that at the first test it would be found ready to try Democratic administration once more. But Democratic prophecy wanted, and yet wants, fulfillment.

Suppose the [illegible] nates a candidate for President. He will be some man heretofore indentified with the Republican party. Will the Democratic party adopt the [illegible] policy and accept him? Its organ say not. Then where will be his 4th? Except in Missouri he cannot carry anything that will receive a following. In 1864 this [illegible] a plan was for the sake of defeating Lincoln. That movement was vastly more formidable, and any like one [illegible] Grant or Fremont was nominated for President, and among his supporters were numbered such men as Sumner, Ben. Wade and Wendell Davis. In many States the movement appeared to be strong, and great things were anticipated by the Democracy from it. The result is remembered, we need not rehearse it.

So it will be in the contest shortly to be decided. The people have profound faith in the Republican party. They have lost none of their confidence in it. Its [illegible] give safety and prosperity to the country. It has shown itself equal to everything the people have required of it. So it will continue to do, and whatever reforms may be carried for, it will inaugurate and carry out. By the dispensions which have recently been evoked, exception is called to abuses which require corrective remedies. That the Republican party is applying. It has never failed yet to respond to the just demands of the country. The personal grievances of a few Senators and disappointed politicians cannot wreck its fortunes.

[illegible], Special Correspondent.

Gen. Pierce, Natl. Commissioner of Education, who was in Oregon last year, says in his report that "the action in favor of advancing schools of study in the States and of the use of means for improvement is not strong enough." The Dalles *Republican* thinks this is not just, and in the opinion we concur. All who know Oregon intelligently and well are aware that the sentiment in favor of education is as strong here as in most other [illegible] of the country, and that the annual [illegible] is fully up to, if not above, the average standard. Persons who have come here from New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Michigan and other States, and who have remained long enough to mingle with Oregon people and know them, have frequently remarked that in point of intelligence, general information, knowledge of the world, and the culture that comes from observation and intercourse with mankind as well as from the study of books, the people of Oregon will suffer nothing in comparison with those of the States mentioned. As to knowledge of books and general literature, people of Oregon are not a whit behind others who may [illegible] the greater in number. Of books, we have as many as any one could expect to find in a State so sparsely populated. Of libraries, we have more and better than can be found among any equal population in many of the older States. Of newspapers, we have a greater number than can be found among any equal population in the Union. In all the leading professions we have men whose learning and skill would obtain recognition anywhere. These are facts, and there is no reason why Oregon should accept as true anybody's opinion that she is behind the average culture of the times. Gen. Pierce's journey was hasty, and his observations were necessarily superficial. Had he remained in Oregon a while he would have seen cause to state his opinion differently. He would have found the education and sentiment of the State by no means so defective as his too hasty view led him to suppose.

"No turn" was made, whereby the foundry company were relieved from their debt to the State, etc. The hotel company is not to pay part of the foundry debt. These two contradictory statements appear in a single article published by the ring organ at Salem. The article is intended as a denial of the Oregonian's statement that "Gov." Miller made the "turn" in favor of the Chemeketa hotel company. And as the strength of this denial, which flatly contradicts itself, we are asked to correct our former statement. We shall wait till the ring organ can agree as to what statement it would be best for them to make and adhere to.

It begins to look after all very much as if our bed-rock brethren of the Democratic party of Oregon would be forced to vote for True Bull or some similar candidate for President. For if the Cincinnati Convention of sore-head Republicans nominates a candidate the chances are very strong that the Democratic National Convention will ratify the nomination.

A Charge and a Denial.

We have received letters from Oregon City which assert that men are being "colonized" on the works there for the purpose of carrying the county for the Democrats. One of these letters, dated Feb. 1st, says:

"Two or three men yesterday returned from over the river, who stated that the boss to whom they applied for labor, asked them first if they were Democrats, to which they replied in the negative, when they were informed that they were not wanted, as he was instructed to employ only those who would vote the Democratic ticket. Being Republicans, they refused and left."

We have referred this matter to parties here who are connected with the management of the company, and they most positively assert that it is not true that any men have been employed with reference to voting in June, and that none will be so employed. They say that no man seeking employment has been questioned as to his politics, that the work is and shall be kept entirely clear of political manipulation, and that men will be employed as they are wanted without regard to the way they will vote. Further, that the company is not only not "colonizing" men so as to have them there by the 1st March, but it is now working a smaller force than at any former time since work began, as the pay rolls will show. Instead of putting on more men, the company has recently discharged a considerable number. The force, we are told, will not be increased till settled weather commences, which will probably be as late as April or May. These statements are given to us by those who are supposed to control the company. Republicans at Oregon City will be able to see, as time progresses, whether they are fulfilled or not.

Absurd Complaints.

A correspondent in Eastern Oregon writes that the people there are restive under the ice blockade. The last Legislature, he says, could give a very large sum of money for an improvement at Wallamet Falls, but couldn't give anything to build a road to connect Eastern Oregon with the rest of the State. The Wallamet Valley, he adds, was already provided with facilities for travel and transportation, but Eastern Oregon had none. Yet the subsidy for a road was refused. Our correspondent should not be unreasonable. He ought to remember that "leading Democrats" were interested in the project at Wallamet Falls, and the party therefore had to be propitiated. The appropriation is to give Democratic majorities for the leaders of the party in this section of the State, and should not presume to ask anything in return. The people of Eastern Oregon should know their place, and should ere this have learned that their duty is to hew wood and draw water for the Democratic camp, without complaining about it.

The growth of the railroad system of the United States is an index of national prosperity and prosperity. Tables just published by the *Railroad Journal* show that during the last ten years the length of railroads in the United States has just about doubled. At the beginning of 1862 the miles of railroad in operation in the United States were 32,447, at the beginning of 1872 the miles in operation numbered 62,047. Over 19,000 miles have been built during the last three years. During the year 1871 the increase was 6,211 miles. The cost of roads built during the year 1871 is estimated at $376,032,327. Total cost of all railroads in the United States is computed at $2,950,458,436.

In the Southern States there are 1,510,939 white and 2,617,396 colored illiterates. The influence of illiteracy on revenue receipts is very remarkable. In those districts where ignorance most abounds the revenue and post-office receipts are exceedingly meager, and applications for patents are exceedingly rare.

The Cuban Insurrection.

An effort has been made in Congress again to give Cuban insurgents American recognition as belligerents. This, probably, will not be successful, since the insurgents have no government and no established capital. Spain appears to treat the outbreak lightly, yet certainly it has cost her no small amount of blood and treasure. The New York *Times* thus sums up:

"According to the Commissioners, from the 1st of December, 1868, to 1st of December, 1871, over 60,000 soldiers have been sent from Spain (*Diario de la Marina*, December 6th.) That is about 20,000 men per year. To this must be added nine regiments and some thirty companies of contra-guerrillas, which numbered some 12,000 a year ago of volunteers scattered over the island, they amount to 40,500. The losses of the Spanish army, whether from killed in battle or from sickness, is apparently fearful. The Madrid papers of October last stated that since the commencement of the war, 29,700 men and 1,748 officers have died. The expenses, according to the *Diario de la Marina*, are something startling. They sum up, $70,539,658, or almost $25,500,000 per annum, not counting other outlays increasing it some $4,000,000 a year, the calculation being that it costs Spain $1,172 about, for every soldier for each year."

The Ohio *State Journal* says: When you find a man howling about Grant and complaining that he shows a lack of appreciation of public merit, it is safe to inquire what office he wanted which he did not get. Grant's friends are found among the community, the majority of the people, who care nothing about the disappointments of unworthy men; the unselfish, industrious classes of the country, and the patriotic citizens of every kind and degree. His enemies are discovered chiefly among the many who made a grab for the spoils and were found unworthy. These are they who find lack of wisdom in the administration, who have doleful forebodings for the future, and who fear the corrupting influences of the appointing power, if Grant shall be renominated.

All of Bill Watkind's boarders, without distinction of party, are said as be in favor of the "one term principle."

Republican State Convention.

A Republican State Convention for the State of Oregon will be held at the city of Portland at 11 A. M. on Wednesday the 20th day of March, 1872, for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Member of Congress, six Delegates to the National Republican Convention to be held at Philadelphia, June 5th, 1872, three Presidential Electors, and for the transaction of such other business as may be thought proper.

The several counties will be entitled to delegates in such Convention, as follows:

Baker	3	Linn	12
Benton	11	Marion	14
Clackamas	14	Multnomah	24
Clatsop	4	Polk	11
Coos	5	Tillamook	3
Curry	3	Umpqua	4
Columbia	2	Union	7
Douglas	13	Wasco	7
Grant	6	Washington	9
Jackson	10	Yamhill	12
Josephine	3		

The State Central Committee recommends that the several counties hold their primary elections on Saturday, March 2d, and their county conventions for selection of delegates to the State Convention, on Saturday, March 9th, 1872.

C. P. CRANDALL, Chairman State Central Committee.
E. BERRY, Feb. 1, 1872. H. GENTAL, Secretary.

REMARKABLE CURE OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF THE GUADALOUPE MINE.

"THE WORK GOES BRAVELY ON."—CASE No. 6301—SECOND SERIES.

GUADALOUPE MINE, near San Jose, Aug. 10, 1871.

DR. A. M. LOWERS & Co.—For a long time I have been afflicted with Rheumatism in my hands, and feet, the pains most of the time being very severe. On the 7th of July I procured some of your "UNK" WEED REMEDY, and after taking only three bottles, and that I am quite restored to health and strength. I have had the Rheumatism for eleven (11) years, and think that the success of the "UNK" in curing a disease of so long standing, in so short a time, is very remarkable.

As a tonic and appetizer I have never met with anything equal to the "UNK WEED REMEDY." During the time I was taking it I gained fifteen (15) pounds in weight. Trusting that this certificate may be useful in inducing others afflicted as I was to try the "UNK," I remain, very truly yours,

JAMES T. BROWN,
Supt. and Agent Guadaloupe Mine.

DIED:

At Sauvie's Island, Feb. 2d, of pneumonia, James R. Charlton, son of Joseph and Margaret Charlton, aged 22 years and 9 months.

Friends of the family are invited to meet at the Vancouver boat at 11 o'clock Sunday morning.

NEW TO-DAY.

Found.

A SMALL SUM OF MONEY, WHICH THE OWNER can have on proving property, by calling at THIS OFFICE.

A SITUATION Wanted

AS CLERK IN SOME MERCANTILE HOUSE, OR as COPYIST in an Office. Please inquire of Mr. A. B. RICHARDSON, at the Auction House. fs3d2t

Do NOT FOR

SHOALWATER BAY OYSTERS!

G. W. WARREN & CO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

SHOALWATER BAY OYSTERS.

Office—With A. L. Bibbard & Co., Front St., next door to Alder.

Orders solicited, by Express or otherwise, from all parts of the State, and promptly attended to.

G. W. WARREN & CO.

Ordinance No. 1134.

AN ORDINANCE MAKING APPROPRIATIONS out of the General Fund for the ordinary expenses of the City Government.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. The following sums are hereby appropriated out of the General Fund to the several objects hereinafter enumerated, for any unaudited indebtedness that may be due, and for the ordinary expenses of the City Government for the year 1872:

For salaries of the following officers:

Police Judge, eighteen hundred dollars.

City Attorney, eighteen hundred dollars.

City Treasurer, eighteen hundred dollars.

Auditor and Clerk, twenty-one hundred dollars.

Street Commissioner, fifteen hundred dollars.

Chief Engineer of the Fire Department, [illegible] dollars.

Chief Engineer, for services as Fire Warden, three hundred dollars.

Secretary of the Portland Fire Department, two hundred dollars.

For pay of surveyor and calabozo in carrying into effect ordinances, plans and specifications for street improvements, and such other duties as may be prescribed, and the incidental expenses connected therewith, four thousand dollars.

For street assessments, notes and covers, and testing the accuracy thereof, two hundred dollars.

For grading, fencing, planting trees, and incidental expenses connected with the improving and keeping in order of the public square, eighteen hundred dollars.

For repairs of sewers and removal of nuisances in front of public property, one hundred dollars.

For advertising ordinances, notices and reports, fifteen hundred dollars.

For care of the Council Chamber and the offices adjacent, including rent, fuel, lights, furniture, repairs and incidental expenses, two thousand, two hundred dollars.

For supply of water to cisterns, hydrants and public buildings, twelve hundred dollars.

For quarterly allowance to the several Fire Companies, [illegible] hundred dollars.

For the erection and repair of Fire Hydrants, one thousand dollars.

For the construction of cisterns, and connecting Cisterns with the mains, twelve hundred dollars.

For repairs to Cisterns and Cisterns tops, including new tops where required, fifteen hundred dollars.

For repairs to Engine and Fire Apparatus, and for washing supplies to the several Fire Companies, fifteen hundred dollars.

For repairs to Engine Houses, six hundred dollars.

For expenses of investigations as to the best mode of supplying the city with water, twenty-five hundred dollars.

For new Fire Hose, sixteen hundred dollars.

For the purchase of part of Block 314 for street assessment, thirty-one hundred dollars.

Section 2. The balances of appropriations made out of the General Fund, prior to January 1, 1872, remaining unexpended, are hereby cancelled and returned to the General Fund.

Passed the Common Council Jan. 31, 1872.

W. S. CALDWELL, Auditor and Clerk.

Approved Feb. 1, 1872.

PHILIP WASSERMAN, Mayor.

fe3d5t

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES for the District of Oregon. Assignee Sale.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, Assignee of the estate of J. B. Nichols, bankrupt, will on Saturday, February the 24th, 1872, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 2 o'clock P. M. of said day, at the Auction Room of A. B. Richardson, Front street, Portland, Oregon, sell the entire stock of Men's Boots and Shoes, Leather and Children's Shoes at Public Auction, belonging to the estate of said bankrupt. Terms of sale, cash in U. S. gold coin.

JOSEPH BACHMAN, Assignee.
A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer. fe3d4t

AVERILL

CHEMICAL PAINT

The Most Durable,

THE

Most Beautiful

AND

Most Convenient Paint for all Purposes yet Discovered.

THIS IS PREPARED READY FOR APPLICATION: IS made of several shades or colors, which may be changed to suit the taste, by mixing one with another, and is put up in cans of one and five gallons each.

A few handsome shades of this celebrated paint have just been received DIRECT FROM THE ORIGINAL NEW YORK FACTORY by SMITH & DAVIS,

Portland, Ore., Aug. 10th, 1871. 7tf Front st.
aug12d1tf

CLOTHING AT COST!

A. ROBERTS,

No. 36 Washington St.,

Is Disposing of his Present Stock

AT COST!

IN ORDER TO MAKE ROOM FOR THE MANUFACTURE OF CLOTHING on an Extensive Scale.
ja18d1tf

SUGARS.

EX BARKENTINE GRACE ROBERTS,

FROM HONOLULU Direct,

4,400 kegs ISLAND SUGARS,

ASSORTED GRADES.

For Sale by

ALLEN & LEWIS.
d12tf

MUTUAL RELIEF ASSOCIATION!

OF PETALUMA,

W. B. MATTHEWS, AGENT FOR OREGON, will receive the names of persons wishing to join this association.

60 MEMBERS HAVE ALREADY JOINED IN THE CITY.

For further particulars call on or address

W. B. MATTHEWS,
Cor. Alder and First Streets, Portland;
Rear of Atkinson & Woodward. jan13dm

T. J. SLOAN, A. M., M. D.,

Homeopathist.—OFFICE AND RESIDENCE—Doktor's Building, Cor. First and Washington Sts.—Open at all hours, Night and Day, except when on professional calls. Full supply of Cases and Books for Domestic Practice for Sale. fe2d1f

REAL ESTATE!

REAL ESTATE!

STITZEL & UPTON,

Cor. Front & Washington Sts,

Will attend to the Purchase and Sale

OF

REAL ESTATE!

IN ALL PARTS OF OREGON.

LOANS NEGOTIATED

On First Mortgage Real Estate and Collateral Securities.

PERMISSION:

Messrs. Lapp & Tatton, Bankers.
Philip Wasserman, Mayor of the City of Portland.
James Steel, Cashier of the First National Bank.
S. G. Reed, Vice President O. S. N. Co.
Lloyd Brooke, Broker.

WE BEG LEAVE AT THIS TIME TO CALL ATTENTION to the following list of CHOICE FARMING LANDS. Parties desiring to purchase can do no better than to call and examine our Price List of Lands left for sale at our office. A GOOD TEAM is always in readiness to convey parties desiring to purchase on to the Lands Free of Charge.

WE HAVE FOR SALE A LARGE AMOUNT OF

CHOICE HOMESTEAD & BUSINESS PROPERTY!

Situated in

Portland and East Portland!

Parties desiring to procure Homesteads in East Portland, should give us a call. We can sell them Property on very Easy Terms. By making a Small Payment down time will be given to suit purchaser on the balance.

No. (404.) 180 ACRE FARM for sale, well improved, situated 3 miles from Hillsboro, 16 miles from Portland, in Washington county; 125 acres in good cultivation; frame house and barn; school and church near by. Terms reasonable. Apply to STITZEL & UPTON, Corner Front and Washington streets.

No. (403.) IMPROVED FARM for sale, one mile from Hillsboro, the county seat of Washington county, containing 170 acres; 40 acres improved; good orchard; 2 acres on the public road; balance of land easily cleared; good house; price reasonable; terms easy.

No. (402.) FOR SALE—50 acres timbered land; near the railroad; in Washington county; price, $1,500. Apply to STITZEL & UPTON.

No. (401.) FOR SALE by Stitzel & Upton, a small homestead, situated in Washington county, containing 42½ acres; all in cultivation; 4 acres land; small frame house and log barn; all under fence; 9½ miles from Hillsboro; 15 miles from Portland; school near by; price $2,250.

No. (400.) 400 ACRE FARM for sale, located 4 miles south of Forest Grove, in Washington county, immediately on the line of the Oregon Central Rail Road. 250 acres under fence; 2500 acres in cultivation; 100 acres to acres of beaver dam land; easily cleared; house and barn; improvements not very good; plenty of running water; price $10,250; half cash; balance secured by mortgage; interest 10 per cent.

No. (407.) For sale by STITZEL & UPTON, a choice IMPROVED FARM, situated on the Willamette river, 20 miles above Oregon City, in Marion county, containing 295 acres; 200 acres in good cultivation; 200 acres more of open swale land; good wood yard and ferry privilege; fine orchard; frame house and barn; also log house and barn; large warehouse on the river; 125 acres of choice timber. Price, $6,650, on easy terms.

No. (406.) For sale by STITZEL & UPTON, a GOOD GRAIN AND STOCK FARM, containing 270 acres, situated on the Salem Prairie; 50 acres in good cultivation; balance timber and open brush land; situated 3½ miles east of Salem, and about the same distance from the Fairgrounds; good orchard and a large stock range near by. Terms, reasonable.

No. (285.) 640 ACRE TRACT. A fine stock farm for sale, situated on the county road leading from Sin Jun City to Salem; one-half mile to school house, 3 miles to church, 5 miles to the railroad; all under good fence; about 100 acres in cultivation; large frame house well furnished; two large barns; shelter for 200 head of cattle good orchard; 360 acres of choice bottom land. Price, $6,700. Terms, easy.

Anticipate the Railroad.

No. (390)—A FINE FARM for sale in Polk county, containing 400 acres, 320 acres smooth, open prairie, rich black soil; balance of the land scattering oak timber and brush; good frame dwelling house—the orchard and plenty of shrubbery; a number of fine springs on the place; about 70 acres in cultivation; a good well of water. Situated in Dallas, Polk county. Price reasonable, terms easy.

No. (406.) 680 acres CHOICE FARM, situated on the Willamette river in Clackamas Co., known as BOONE'S FERRY; distance from Portland 16 miles on the Boone's Ferry road; 80 acres in cultivation; 80 acres of choice beaver dam land, about 40 acres of which is in meadow; two frame houses, one new; three barns, all good, besides all other out-buildings necessary to a farm; 200 acres of choice timber on the place; balance of the land easily cleared. The above farm is one of the best located in the State, and is now offered for the first time, together with the ferry privilege, boats, etc., with or become that from of $2,000 per year. Price reasonable; terms easy; school-house on the place.

No. (405.) 800 ACRE CHOICE FARM for sale, only 14 miles northwest of Portland, in Washington county; 450 acres in a high state of cultivation; balance of the land easily cleared; a large amount of open swale land; 25 acres of beaver dams; the improvements on the place are all of the very best; large, new frame house, two frame barns; good orchard. The above desirable farm is located in one of the best counties in Oregon; situated as one Portland, the commercial city of the State, the land must in a very short time become valuable; lays on the public road leading from Portland to Centerville; school house on the place; church near by. Terms, one-half cash; balance, easy terms, with interest at the rate of 8 per cent. per annum.

A NUMBER OF CHOICE IMPROVED FARMS for sale, well located, situated in Yamhill county. Apply to STITZEL & UPTON.

270 ACRE TRACT OF CHOICE LAND for sale, near the town of Cornelius, in Washington county, mostly unimproved. Price reasonable, terms easy. Apply to STITZEL & UPTON.

5,000 ACRES OF CHOICE LANDS for sale in lots to suit purchasers, partly improved, situated in Clackamas county. Prices reasonable, terms easy. Apply to STITZEL & UPTON.

(No. 410.) 400 ACRE FARM FOR SALE, only 10 miles west of Portland, immediately on the line of the railroad; two miles from Reedville depot; all choice land; 175 acres in good cultivation; good farm house; (inferior barn; fences good; running water on the place; good orchard; plenty of good timber. Price, $10,000—one half cash, balance secured by mortgage.

5,000 ACRES OF UNIMPROVED LAND for sale in Washington county, six miles from the railroad. Price, from $5 to $6 per acre. Apply to STITZEL & UPTON.
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Lessee and Manager, ... GEO. B. WALDRON
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BEL DEMONIO!

SATURDAY EVENING, FEB. 3D, 1872,

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G. B. WALDRON ..... LAFITTE.

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ADMISSION—Dress Circle, $1; Gallery, 50 cents. Box Office open from 9½ A. M. to 4 P. M., where Seats can be secured without extra charge.

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PHILHARMONIC HALL,

Monday Even'g, Feb. 5, 1872.

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A MUSICAL AND LITERARY ENTERTAINMENT!

Will be given at the

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ON

Friday Evening, Feb. 9th.

☞ The Programme will be published next week.

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USE OF SKATES, 25 cents.

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Recognized for liability to the Policy holders directly, and agree to adjust all such Policies accordingly.

Should any party not fe

BENNETT.

THE FOUNDER OF THE NEW YORK HERALD—REVIEW OF THE LIFE-WORK OF THE DYING OLD MAN.

[N. Y. Correspondence of the Rochester Democrat.]

BENNETT A FRENCHMAN.

Notwithstanding the fact that Bennett is descended from one of the old Highland families, I have always considered him more French than Scotch, and I am inclined to think that in the commingling of nationalities which marked the wars of the Pretender, some inter-marriage occurred introducing this feature. Bennett's philosophy is that of the style of Rousseau rather than that of Hume, and in his entire career he has shown the vivacity of French blood, combined with French tenacity. I do not think it possible that any absolute Scotchman could have built up the *Herald*. They are too heavy or if you please, "too solid." Bennett as a combatant was as dashing as Marshal Ney, and his motto was "*Audace et toujours audace.*" The early pages of the *Herald* sparkle like champagne, and were the funniest light reading of the day. Look how he pins upon his lance such men as Tom Hamlin, M. M. Noah, James W. Webb, and others who came beneath his displeasure! There were but two men in this city who bore his keen shafts with impunity. Those were David Hale and Horace Greeley; all others dreaded it. Sometimes it brought personal assults, but these did not intimidate. It is, indeed, surprising to see how the latter were made to work a benefit instead of a damage. When Jarod W. Bell and Tom Hamlin came to his sanctum to inflict personal violence, the public were amused to see them mercilessly pilloried as thieves. Bennett indeed offered a large reward for the sum of $400, which, as he said, was missing when they departed. This was a retaliation which these men did not expect, and which showed how easily Bennett could turn the tables on them.

REMINISCENCES.

Old men are full of talk over the past, and though Bennett is getting very feeble, yet if any one could suggest the strange events in his life, I think it would wake him up to full consciousness. Bennett's history is yet to be written, and if properly done will be the most interesting book ever issued from the Press. About twenty years ago the late Isaac C. Pray, who once had a desk in the *Herald* office, wrote a "Life of Bennett," but it was too soon to give the matter a thorough handling. Parton has since commenced in the same line, but the field is still open and invites attention. Bennett's severest hits he was leveled at such men as Noah, the leading Jewish editor, Webb, of the *Courier*, Hamlin, the actor, and William H. Seward, then Gov. of N. Y. War was his delight. They were invited to make their worst retaliations, and were warned to prepare for a personal [illegible]. Parton has since commenced in the same line, but the field is still open and invites attention. Bennett's severest hits he was leveled at such men as Noah, the leading Jewish editor, Webb, of the *Courier*, Hamlin, the actor, and William H. Seward, then Gov. of N. Y. War was his delight. They were invited to make their worst retaliations, and were warned to prepare for a personal [illegible] soon be worsted, and then would learn too soon be worsted, and then would learn too late that he had only incr[illegible] his own punishment. As a soldier of the pen, Bennett was vigilant and persevering. His application to office work would have ruined any but a Scotch constitution. At 18 his health suffered extremely, but the *Herald* never showed neglect. It was spicy and [illegible] while its [illegible] was [illegible] all the ills of editorial life. The *Herald* was Bennett, but always the cheerful, gay, triumphant Bennett, who scarcely bore the penalty of success in silence.

BENNETT IN PERSON.

He is an old man with two elephants on his hands. One is the *Herald* and the other the great house at Fort Washington, ten miles out of town. The first he would have sold some time ago if he could get a price. His son is not a journalist, and never will be one, and the paper is now managed by a corps. Fortunately, who keeps it still [illegible] with all public matters. Different parties have talked about buying the *Herald*, but who has $1,000,000 to invest in such an enterprise? The Fort Washington property contains 40 acres, and is immensely valuable, but it would look badly, and, in fact, involve loss of position to sell it. While a big thing it is equally unsalable. Hence it is good [illegible] have as high [illegible] in town. Young Bennett, [illegible] he not cursed [illegible] with wealth would become distinguished as a navigator. His turn for yachting and [illegible] matters is no affectation. He has always had a predilection for [illegible] and navy [illegible] ly; but while he enjoys the eminence as Commodore of the [illegible] his position will prevent that effort which would lead to mankind [illegible] Young Bennett is much broken with age, but has held out wonderfully, o[illegible] the hard [illegible] which he has undergone. In this feature he [illegible] only been equaled by Greeley, and it may be remarked that Greeley was the only editor whom he respected. It is true that he [illegible] him, but this was only an element in editorial [illegible]. How much he [illegible] Greeley may be judged by the fact that he once proposed to him a [illegible]

A FURTHER REFERENCE TO NEWS.

I have said that as a news collector Bennett never had an equal. In that day there was no telegraph, and editors were thrown on their own resources, and in this Bennett showed great fertility. The European news [illegible] by the steamer to Boston was conveyed [illegible] to the city by pony express. The *Tribune's* horses gave out on one important occasion, while Bennett's came through. The question was at once raised was there no special article in this? [illegible] of steamboats [illegible] on the Sound. Bennett got the news from the [illegible] and had a press and [illegible] aboard the steamer. When the latter [illegible] on wharf, the "Extra *Herald*" were rushed off to the eager community. Bennett's enterprise success, as well as his pungent pen, justified the [illegible] title of the "Satanic Press."

CHARACTER.

One of his feats has never been explained, at least in a manner satisfactory to the public. Thirty years ago a very important question arose between England and America, and a war was imminent. A British subject had been arrested on American soil for a crime which had been committed in the service of his country. American public spirit claimed his conviction, while Britain pronounced it a [illegible] The case was [illegible] and the Ad[illegible] was late by ex[illegible] the [illegible] The first to [illegible] this suspense was Bennett, who announced Mr. Todd's acquittal one day in advance of the mail. He said that the news was brought by a carrier pigeon, but it is probable he simply [illegible] from [illegible] by private information of the matter. At any rate, though the affair has [illegible] forgotten, it would be well to have this old mystery explained.

GOOD EXAMPLE.

Whatever may have been Bennett's faults, he set a good example in his temperate habits. Even in the weakness of old age, while driving around his country seat in a pony cart, he got no further then in tippling then lager beer. He was constitutionally abstinent and no appetite ruled him. Indeed, neither of these men has ever pursued eating or drinking for pleasure. Bennett's ambition was simply the attainment of power, while Greeley's was to reform society. Both were successful, for Bennett became the dread of all public men, while Greeley bore a leading part in the abolition of slavery, the greatest reformation which America has ever witnessed.

TO THE END.

Bennett maintained his attention to the *Herald* until after the close of the rebellion; but since then he has gradually relinquished it, and last year he gave the business generally into the hands of his oldest son, the Commodore. Like Wolsey, he might exclaim, "A long farewell," etc. He had worked for nearly sixty years, and it was time to rest. The tenacity of his constitution may prolong his existence, but his mental powers are quite gone. In this respect his condition reminds us of the lines in Johnson's "Vanity of Human Wishes," where [illegible] greatness is contrasted with the weakness of senility, "From Marlboro's eyes the tears of dotage flow," etc. Bennett has out-lived almost all of his opponents, and those who survive care, like himself, worn out with old age. Were the thing practicable, I would like to see these old men meet at a general supper, where they might enjoy a good table and a genial chat over old times and the lively combats of their youth.

Why is flirtation like plate powder? Because it brightens up spoons.

"Bundling" among the Pennsylvania Dutch.

A correspondent of a New York paper, writing from Pennsylvania, presents the following curious statements:

The domestic felicity of the Germans, the happiness of their marriages and the health and number of their children do not yet relieve them of the broadly prevalent imputation of "bundling," a subject upon which they are never sensitive when it is inquired into, unlike the New Englanders of the Connecticut and Hudson valleys, whose grandmothers were, accomplished and systematic bundlers, but who fly into high dudgeon if the imputation be broached. The Pennsylvania Dutch merely laugh when the thing is charged upon them, and reply:

"Well, I suppose our good ancestors lived in rather close quarters and could not give up the whole house to the young people, so they allowed a young man the freedom of his sweetheart's bed-chamber, knowing that he would not abuse it. In earlier times marriages were made a civil contract in this province, and a month more or less, in case of accidents, led to no scandal, provided the young man did right about it in the end. Some cases existed where there were no forms of marriage at all, and it is doubtful if all of us can discover the certificates and registers of our legitimacy except by hallowed tradition. The squire's or parson's endorsement required a fee, which was one out to our thrifty forefathers. In these days there was less heartlessness and abandonment of wives and offspring than we witness now, and, indeed, bundling was the opportunity of the smart girl to get a husband. After the churches began to preach against it the girls held out to the last that by diminishing the fervor of the courtship they failed to catch the man. Bundling, in fact, was a chaste and traditional custom of courtship on bed, not more willful or familiar than the usual fondling or caressing of young people mutually in love in all ages. No person was ever shot for seduction in those times; the husbands did not carry off their neighbors' wives. Our domestic record will bear comparison with any other people's, living or past.

The question may be asked if bundling is still practiced in any part of Dutch Pennsylvania?

In the old and time-honored sense of courting in bed, with a coverlet, more less, between, I believe that the custom is now nearly wholly extinct, although in the region of Rosamstown, Lancaster county, and in Oley township, Berks county, it was not uncommon up to the late big war out of the war.

The observance and [illegible] of Dutch parents remains nearly as perfect as before, however, and their daughters are allowed to go riding by day or night to country frolics and plays, or to impromptu dances at the turnpike taverns, the always keeping his buggy and [illegible] in running condition for these frequent [illegible] and fervor remain nature in its grossness and fervor remain about the [illegible] the descendants of the once plain and staid, bundling couples do now, the [illegible] of dousing out parts of the night in the sound of the parental snore, merely ride up and down the by-road, under the doze of slumbering old grist mills and by sleeping forges and [illegible] the [illegible] allowed to drop over the pony's [illegible] and he, in a well regulated way, at a slow and patient pace, finds his [illegible] over the country, or while the fiddle is playing in the little hamlet tavern, with their low ceilings and deep-stone window sills, the horses remain hitched in front under the swinging sign of "General Muhlenberg" or the "Cross Keys," and the afore-said [illegible] couples, sitting in the sills of the windows or rolling through the impassioned [illegible] of the waltz, or strolling in the moonlight under the [illegible] and sheltering button balls, sip their [illegible] beer and imitate their father's remembered fondness.

These country dances are as vehement and gaunt as ever, and, the picnicking and quilting, camp-meeting, [illegible] practiced in Deutchland is incredible.

The Josh Billings Papers.

SHORT ANSWERS TO LONG SPEECHES.

Jonah—A hat is sad, tew be sure, but one square deth.

It iz almost impossible tew tell when a hat iz ded without the aid ov a board ov jury.

I kno only one way miself to judge ov a ded hat.

A hat iz killed in the fall ov the year, and is thrown over the stun wall into your nabor's yard, and lays there all the winter a spoonful, and don't thaw out in the spring, and keeps quiet during the summer months, and ain't missed when winter sets in agin, I may always sed that that hat was ded, or was playin the thing dreadful fine.

Albert—The length ov time that a goose kan stan' on one leg depends entirely upon the nativ endurance ov the goose.

A good tuff goose, I should think, mite do it for three weeks bi swopping legs okkasionally.

Frederik—Injuns can be civilized once in a while, but it rocks at least 20 per cent. ofy from the value ov the Injun, besides hurting the general reputation ov civilizashun.

Jonathan—There is a grate memny tite spots in this world, and probably the best way tew get out ov them iz tew dig out.

There iz another way tew get out ov them that I kno ov, and that iz tew sit still and fire the spot out.

This [illegible] both pashunce and judgment.

A tite spot iz a good deal like a mouse-trap—dredful easy tew get into, but unhandy tew get out ov.

Tite spots ain't like a knot-hole, natural; but they are like a 2-inch auger-hole, manufactured [illegible]

Mopping are tew blame tha[illegible] for all the tite spots that is pretty much.

I don't think it hurts a man tew get into a tite spot once in a while; it kind ov gives him an index ov the hole he kan fill tew the best advantage.

Sum folks are alwus hunting for tite spots, and kan most always find them; this may increase their cunning, but it never will increase [illegible] don't hunt for the tite spots, they luv easy boots.

Jerry—I never was logikal. I never was a close communion thinker. I hav an all mi thinking on the jump; I alwus shute on the wing, and have made splendid misses, but once in a while hav brought down mi animal.

I never take a rest when I shute; I hav alwus felt as tho there was more success in missing pure bird on the wing than there was in hitting it on the nest.

But probably that ain't to the point.

Jim—Speaking of lazyness sets me tew thinking that lazyness must hav bin the condishun ov man if he had always lived in the garden of Eden.

If Adam had had plenty ov jobs on hand, the devil would hav had a harder job to seduce him.

Adam would never hav bilt enny raleroden, nor Nikolsum pavements in the garden of Eden, nor never would have begreathed us enny heathen tew kultivate.

It iz also true, on the other hand, that he never wud hav worn enny tite boots, nor sheet iron shoes.

About the biggest joke there iz about the fall of man, iz, that he has larnt how tew "rite, hog or die."

This iz worth, in my opinyun, very near fust cost.

Samaritan Lodge No. 3, I. O. O. F.—Meetings Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock, in Odd Fellows Temple, corner First and Alder Sts. Members of the ord[illegible] invited to attend. By order of [illegible]

Multnomah Lodge, No. 12, A. F. & A. M.—Regular Communications on the Second and Fourth Monday evenings of each month. By order of the W. M.

Hassalo Lodge No. 15, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Friday evening at 8 o'clock in Odd Fellows Temple, corner Taylor and Alder Streets. Members of the or are invited to attend. P. G. N. G.

Portland R. A. C.—Regular Convocation on the second Thursday evening of each month at Masonic Hall, No. 16 North Front street.

By order of [illegible] M. E. H. P.

C. A. K.—Baker Post No. 1.—Regular meeting every Saturday evening at Nonpareil Hall, corner First and Madison sts. All comrades in good standing invited to attend. By order of

POST COMMANDER.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

PORTLAND, FRIDAY EVENING, Feb. 2, 1872.

Gold in New York...116.

Portland Legal-Tender quotations, 90¼@ buying and 91½@ selling.

The duties collected at this port last month (January) aggregate $43,679.82.

The regular monthly collections were not at all satisfactory on account of the stringency of the money market, consequent upon a steady call for taxes and other purposes.

Can any one inform us why it is that the North Pacific Transportation Company's pilots take the Company's vessels down, drawing over 17 feet, while the river pilots cannot take vessels either up or down drawing over 16 feet?

The tables we present below will be found of great value to many. The tables giving our growth in commercial relations with foreign countries are invaluable as reference to all.

The following Statistics we have from the Customs Office at Astoria, Oregon, concerning the Foreign Commerce carried over the Columbia river bar from Jan. 1, 1871, to Dec. 31, 1871:

	Vessels arrived from Foreign Countries. No.	Tons.	Vessels departed to Foreign Countries. No.	Tons.
1861—American Vessels	12	9,510	9	9,940
Foreign Vessels	None		None	
1862—American Vessels	27	24,093	27	27,323
Foreign	None		None	
1863—American Vessels	15	14,893	27	28,886
Foreign	None		None	
1864—American Vessels	23	17,098	36	32,180
Foreign	None		None	
1865—American Vessels	33	10,487	40	32,444
Foreign	None		None	
1866—American Vessels	11	2,895	13	3,665
Foreign	16	2,027	14	2,454
1867—American Vessels	10	20,050	14	3,620
Foreign	14	5,450	19	5,165
1868—American Vessels	45	18,038	49	14,094
Foreign	1	1,028	1	1,028
1869—American Vessels	54	18,838	54	21,980
Foreign	3	1,191	3	1,191
1870—American Vessels	30	17,152	44	18,931
Foreign	5	5,158	5	2,950
1871—American Vessels	22	11,741	79	12,187
Foreign	3	1,910	11	6,337

IMPORTS FROM AND EXPORTS TO FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

Year.	Imports.	Exports.
1861	$1,502	$75,815
1862	6,504	114,536
1863	39,720	90,035
1864	103,146	199,070
1865	178,280	359,757
1866	372,622	162,042
1867	90,632	165,442
1868	148,749	350,384
1869	416,713	421,849
1870	294,771	240,140
1871	170,475	144,144

The following statistics are from the Portland Custom's Office since its organization, which when added to the above gives our direct trade and its increase since 1861:

	No. Arrived.	Tons.	No. Departed.	Tons.
1870 (for Oct., Nov. and Dec)—American Vessels	4	2,450	6	3,650
Foreign	4	2,283	3	1,282
1871—American Vessels	20	9,640	37	17,433
Foreign	7	3,429	11	6,409

VALUE OF IMPORTS FROM AND EXPORTS TO FOREIGN PORTS.

	Imports.	Exports.
[illegible] Oct., Nov. and Dec.)	$170,475	$117,936
1871	[illegible]	682,207

Exports.

The following tables give the exports from this port for the month of January:

TO SAN FRANCISCO.

Apples, dri'd, pkgs	71	Hoop poles, bdls	450
Apples, fresh, boxes	6,022	Hides, [illegible]	1,184
Bacon and Hams, lbs	60	Leather, sides	27
Cider, pkgs	18	Meal, pkgs	28
Feed, lbs	1,367	Pelts, bdls	10
Flour, bbls	31,523	Salmon, pkgs	138
Flax Seed, sks	425	Tallow, pkgs	28
Fruit, canned, cs	16	Woolen Goods, pkgs	4
Hops, boxes	61	Wheat, sks	6,233

TO PUGET SOUND AND VICTORIA.

Apples, dried, pkgs	16	Feed, sks	1,800
Apples, fresh, boxes	205	Groceries, etc, pkgs	93
Bacon & Hams, pkgs	11	Lard, tcs	10
Boots and Shoes, pkgs	15	Meal, pkgs	78
Butter, kgs	16	Shingles, bdls	400
Dry Goods, etc., cs	16	Wheat, sks	1,117
Flour, bbls	1,000		

TO CHINA.

Old Iron, Glassware, etc., etc., pkgs	104	Flour, bbls	6,015
		Value	$58,223

TO THE UNITED KINGDOM.

Wheat, centals	38,621
Value	$73,322

Imports.

The following table gives the principal articles and the amount of each imported at this port last month (January.):

Alcohol, cs	12	Mackerel, pkgs	80
Agricult'l Imp, pkgs	407	Nails, kgs	3,000
Ales, cs	50	Nails, bxs	40
Asphaltum, sks	120	Onions, sks	63
Beads, gunnies	714	Oil; cs	63
Butter, pkgs	89	Oil, bbls	9
Building mat'ls, pkgs	3,255	Oil, Lard, bbls	26
Barley, sks	631	Oil, Linseed, cs	1,761
Boots, pairs	1,127	Oats, sks	4,676
Boots and Shoes, cs	241	Pickles, pkgs	202
Cigars, cs	48	Pumps	32
Canned Goods, cs	259	Pipes, Iron	532
Candles, bxs	1,320	Potatoes, sks	2,679
Coffee, kgs	224	Paint, pkgs	1,000
Coal, sks	417	Pie Fruit, cs	150
Cheese, cs	238	Rice, sks	160
Corn, sks	170	Rice, mats	146
Cheese, cs	25	Raisins, pkgs	210
Codfish, bxs	400	Soap, bxs	484
Dry goods, Cloth'g, cs	125	Salt, pkgs	1,202
Rugs, pkgs	169	Salt, tons	50
Domestics, bales	99	Stove castings, pkgs	7,204
Drugs, pkgs	228	Shot, pkgs	101
Fruits, fresh, bxs	702	Sugar, Refined pkgs	632
Fruits, dried, bxs	339	Sugar, Raw, kgs	2,978
Fish, pkgs	37	Sugar, Raw, sks	617
Glass, bxs	190	Shoes, Horse, pkgs	59
Crockery and Glassware, pkgs	174	Spices, cs	132
Groceries, bales	22	Sacks, bales	62
Gunny, bales	199	Syrup, pkgs	1,105
Hardware, pkgs	201	Stout, pkgs	106
Hollow ware, pkgs	167	Tea, pkgs	419
Iron, bars	1,915	Tobacco, pkgs	1,247
Iron, bdls	647	Tin, pigs	48
Iron, plates	21	Tin, bxs	538
Leather, sides	103	Tinware, pkgs	93
Liquors, pkgs	139	Telegraph Iron	134
Liquors, cs	108	Vegetables, pkgs	124
Lard, cs	21	Wash powders, bxs	337
Lead in bars, kgs	24	Wine, pkgs	35
Lead, pigs	42	White Lead, pkgs	60
Lime, bbls	1,065	Zinc, pkgs	38
Molasses, pkgs	325	B. B. materials, pkgs	14,440
Matches, plus	40	B. B. rails	11,201
Muscatoni, bxs	92	B. B. materials, tons	810

Daily Receipts of Produce.

Per *E. N. Choke*—3 bxs eggs, Loveridge, Wadhams & Co; 4 bxs eggs, C S Gilliver; 2 bxs eggs, L Whittle & Co; 1,012 grain flour; 20 bxs apples, Allen & Lewis; 15 bxs eggs, J O'Connor; 9 bales woolen goods, D M & Co; 40 sks flour, G Sheppard; 500 qr sks flour, E M & Co; 1, 500 qr sks, 600 hf sks, flour, Ladler & Co.

Per *Senator*—500 hf sks flour, D M & Co; 200 sks feed, 80 qr sks flour, D P Giltner; 80 sks feed, J F Mattingly; 20 bxs apples, 100 sks feed, 2,000 qr sks flour, Allen & Lewis; 85 sks feed, Everding & Hoube.

List of Letters Remaining in the Post-office at Portland, February 2, 1872.

Persons calling for these letters must give the date on which they are advertised.

LADIES' LIST.

Bixby, Mrs M J	Jones, Miss Flora J
Bartl, Mrs A J	
Barnard, Mrs Harriet	Mark, Emaline
Banks, Mrs A L	Mayberry, Miss Ella
Brithbarth, Tallia	McCall, Mrs Ann
	McPolain, Miss Ellen
Call, Mrs Chas C	Mowder, Mrs M E
Case, Mrs Mary	Miller, Mrs M E
Clark, Mrs Chas S	
Cunningham, Miss L	Powell, Rebecca
	Philippe, D A
Daily, Mrs M P	
	Rogers, Mrs Susan
Fly, Mrs Mary	Riley, Miss M A
	Sanford, Mrs Wm
Hall, Mrs Ely	Shea, Miss Oath
Holdsworth, Anna M	Smith, Mrs N W
	Thorkleson, Mrs M
Jones, Mrs D S	
Jones, Miss M A T	Walters, Mrs N C
Jones, Mrs Wm	

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

Anderson, Rev J Wesley, Jos		Ott, John
Archer, Richard	Geary, Maurice	Oakley, Josiah
Blum, Isaac	Gray, J	Peterson, Jorgen
Ball, David W	Greenaway, G H	Powell, J W
Baker, Samuel	Gregson, John	Powers, Andrew
Barrette, Conrad	Grier, S H	Powell, Patrick
Barrett, Mathew	Gowell, W H	Phillpott, Wm
Barnes, Mr		
Bore, C	Hagerty, D A	Quaid, Wm
Beck, S A	Hays, Yred	
Benjamin, W W	Hammon, A	Rhode, Jacob
Bicknell, Marion	Hammond, Blotch	Revel, I S
Bissell, Capt O F	Harker, St. John	Reaves, Chas
Buff, Thos	Hall, Langley	Beckmaner, J W
Buck, John	Hall, Chas	Reid, D G
Buckler, Emil	Hanson, Geo H	Reid, Geo
Burbank, Geo S	Hedrick, Jos	Richa, T C
Brown, E R	Hoag, Onway	Rose, D
Briggs, Benj F	Hughes, W B	Rosner, Adam
Bradley, W E	Hughes, Sam W	Rose, E
Brithbarth, H		Roberts, O F
Brambills, John	Jackson, G	Robinson, Chas
	Jones, S C	Robinson, Geo
Callahan, Thos		
Cadman, Merrett	Keller, C S	Sormson, Julius
Cadman, Morris	Kirkpatrick, R A	Spaulding, Colon
Campbell, W B		Stanberry, Wm
Carraher, Owen	Lawler, L	Spratt, T
Cook, O W	Lalb, Chas	Sowers, Jos
Cota, Manuel	Landes, S	Shepard, J V
Cobb, Edw	Lewis, Henry	Showers, Wm
Cox, A	Low, Julius M	Shearer, J T
Clarkson, Jno	Leach, J H	Smith, Thos
Cunningham, J F		Smith, Jos E
Carriker, Josh	Maslon, O W	Stanbury, J F
	Madigan, Mr	Sturgill, Benj
Dammel, D	Manklin, P A	Stone, O D
Dean, Wm	Mackey, E	Strang, J W
Desaro, Chas	Manning, Martin	Stork, Wm F
Daley, Jos	Manisby, J T	Sewell, Wm H
Dodge, F M	Mattison, Chas	Stewart, John L
Duncan, S E	Manning, H D	Stevens, Dr S
Dunkle, Benj	Meyers, A E	

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Dupont, Prof
Dudley, Geo W
Duncan, Chas
Driscoll, John B

Eldridge, Geo D
Emery, Lewis T
Elliott, Geo

Furry, Geo W
Fuchs, Johan
Fuchs, Jos
Farragher, Thos C
Foel, Mr
Franz, Gerhaid

McCord, John
McKee, Samuel
McEldowny, Edw
McIlvein, John
McDowall, J M
Morgain, Platy
Moray, Perry
Mower, Jr
Mitchell, W S
Murphey, Thos

Norton, W S
Norrissey, John B

O'Regon, Dnol

Tarson, Bule
Thomas, David M
Thompson, W C
Taggart, Wm
Trever, Benj
Turnbull, Wm

Wagley, C
Warren, W S
Wagor, T P
Winters, John
Wilmer, Henry
Woods, John
Wilcox, Wm

REGISTERED LETTERS.

Burrows, E

LETTERS HELD FOR POSTAGE.

Mr. Beaver, Milwaukie, Or.
John Neason, Macon, Mo.
C P. Lacey, The Dalles.
T. Richards, Oaxca, Mexico.
J. G. Orchard, Scio, Or.
J. H. Dickinson, Benicia, Cal.
Sam Stephens, Albany, Or.
W. W. Morton, San Francisco.
D. P. Dalton, San Francisco.
D. O. Severance, Burlingville, Or.
T. Fitzgerald, Scio, Or.
J. Stansberry, Estaria, Iowa.
H. Rummel, McMinnville, Or.
W. Henderson, Astoria, Or.
E. R. Williams, Salem, Or.
Miss E. J. Field, Prairie Grove, Iowa.
L. Algellinger, San Francisco, Cal.
T. S. Addis, Sacramento.
Peter Jloggnson, Chicago, Ill.
Walen Rhodes, Milwaukie, Or.
Rev. Father Tierney, South Boston, Mass.
T. Withycombe, Adelaide, Australia.
E. Dolan, Vallejo.
S. Hess, Louisville, Ky.
Fred. Washburne, Muscatin, Iowa.
Sara Clouthche, Summer House, Or.
S. S. Sanborn, San Diego, Cal.
J. F. Witten, Eugene City, Or.
Miss M. Barnes, Portland, Or.
Right. McKay, Camp Harney, Or.
Miss E. M. Arnold, Portland.
D. H. Cornell, Baynema, Cal.

ASTOR HOUSE,

ON FIRST ST., BET. OAK AND PINE,

One block below the Theater.

THE ONLY FIRST CLASS HOTEL IN PORTland where guests can obtain the full value of their money. New House, New Furniture—everything about the House new and clean.

Lodging	$ 25
Board and Lodging, per week	5 00
day	1 00

Best accommodations for families. Give me a call.
d1aly D. L. LONGFELLOW, Prop'r.

NOTICE.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES

AT THE

ST. CHARLES HOTEL,

FROM THE FIRST DAY OF AUGUST THE PRICE of Board and Rooms will be reduced to the following rates:

Transient, Room and Board, per day [illegible] $2 00
Suites of Rooms and Board, Extra [illegible] $2 to 4 00
Permanent, single Room and Board:
Per week [illegible] $10 and upwards
Day Boarders, per week [illegible] $7 50
Suites of Rooms for Families at proportionate rates, per night [illegible] 75c

This being the only First Class Hotel in the city using bulls of brick, with Bar and Billiard Room on the premises, Table and attendance unsurpassed on the Coast, and all the modern improvements—the subscriber trusts with the above combination of advantages to meet with a proportionate share of patronage from the citizens of Portland and the traveling public.

jy29d1f JOHN J. JACOBS, Proprietor

AMERICAN EXCHANGE

(LATE LINCOLN HOUSE,)

Corner Washington and Front Streets PORTLAND, OREGON.

L. F. W. QUIMBY & C. H. FRENCH,

HAVING taken the above House, wish to announce to the public that they are now prepared to accommodate guests in a satisfactory manner. Nothing will be left undone, which is in the power of the proprietors to do, to render guests comfortable.

FREE COACH TO THE HOUSE.

Portland, Feb. 2, 1872. d1f

Upper Columbia and Idaho.

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION.

JOHN R. FOSTER & CO.

UMATILLA, OREGON.

WE ARE FULLY PREPARED TO RECEIVE Consignments of Goods to be Forwarded to all points in Oregon, Idaho, Montana and Owyhee, and can offer superior inducements to shippers by having a large

Fireproof warehouse

For the Storage of goods, and a long experience which enables us to make shipments at the very lowest rates.

All matters connected with the Forwarding and Commission Business promptly attended to.

Consignments solicited. Mark goods, Care J. R. F.

U.

Always on hand a full Assortment of

Groceries, Provisions, and Clothing

MECHANICS' MINERS' & BLACKSMITHS' TOOLS,

Also a large Stock of

IRON AND STEEL,

Which will be sold LOW FOR CASH.

d24d1f JOHN R. FOSTER & CO.

NOTICE.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S Fast Freight Line TO IDAHO!

ON AND AFTER JULY 1, 1871, OUR RATES on FAST FREIGHT (on 50 pounds or upwards, not less than 45 pounds per cubic foot) will be as follows

From Portland to La Grande [illegible] 18 cents per pound.
" " Union [illegible] 18 " "
" " Baker City [illegible] 10 " "
" " Boise City [illegible] 20 " "
" " Idaho City [illegible] 26 " "
" " Silver City [illegible] 26 " "

Portland, July 1, 1871. WELLS, FARGO & CO. jy1d1s

Grocers.

R. PITTOCK,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS,

Cor. First and Morrison streets,

AND

No. 9 North Front street,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR PRODUCE Consignments solicited. oc26d1f

WM. WADHAMS, Portland. W. E. LEVERIDGE, A. P. EVERETT, 318 Front St., San Francisco.

LEVERIDGE, WADHAMS & CO.,

(SUCCESSORS TO R. G. SNEATH,)

WHOLESALE GROCERS

AND

Forwarding & Commission Merchants,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

LEVERIDGE, EVERETT & CO.,

Commission and Forwarding Merchants,

318 Front St., corner of Commercial,

SAN FRANCISCO

EDUCATIONAL.

BISHOP SCOTT GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

THE EASTER TERM WILL BEGIN THURSDAY, Feb. 1st. Increased accommodations for Pupils. For particulars, apply to the HEAD MASTER, At the School. ja25d2w-12:8t

THE EASTER TERM OF

ST. HELEN'S HALL!

Will begin on Thursday, Feb. 1st.

THE NEW BUILDING WILL FURNISH increased accommodations for Boarding Pupils. ja26d2w-12:8t

OYSTERS.

The BEST of

FRESH SHOALWATER BAY OYSTERS

RECEIVED THREE TIMES A WEEK AND

Served in Every Style, at

ALISKY & HEGELE'S,

107 First Street, opposite the Postoffice. ja16dtf

Markets.

PACIFIC MARKET.

W. W. SPAULDING,

DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

Fresh Meats,

AND

PACKER OF BEEF & PORK

Highest Price paid for all kinds of FAT STOCK.

NO. 2 NORTH FRONT STREET, ja28 PORTLAND, OREGON. d&wtf

UNION MARKET,

Cor. SECOND & WASHINGTON Sts.

HAVING PURCHASED THE ENTIRE INTEREST of SCHLOTH & SHERLOCK in the above named Market, I am fully prepared to supply

ALL KINDS OF MEAT

Of GOOD QUALITY at the

LOWEST MARKET PRICE.

my12d1f ISAAC BERGMAN.

Portland Market.

E. H. CARLING,

SECOND STREET, COR. MORRISON,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON hand the best of all kinds of [illegible] Charges. ROSTED BEEF, VEAL and MUTTON always on hand.

Portland, Feb. 17, 1871. d1f

New York.

CHARLES DIXON.

COMMISSION MERCHANT

FOR

Buying, Selling and Forwarding all kinds of Merchandise.

P. O. Box 4,094. 93 LIBERTY ST., NEW YORK.

Goods marked to my care will be shipped VIA 15TH MUSR, RAIL OR CAPE HORN as instructed.

Refer to Messrs. Ladd & Tilton; Knapp, Burrell & Co, and Savior & Co., Portland; R. R. Wade, Esq., Salem. d1841y

J. M. KEELER & CO.,

95 Liberty St., New York.

OREGON AND N. W. COMMISSION AGENCY.

FOR BUYING AND FORWARDING DIRECT, VIA Isthmus, San Juan and Cape Horn, with San Francisco connections, all classes and varieties of Merchandise and for sale of Exports from the North-West.

Advances made on approved consignments, and orders respectfully solicited. All orders and business will receive prompt attention.

REFERENCES—New York: N. Y. Nat'l Bank; cor. College Place and Chambers St.; Messrs. A. E. & C. E. Tilton, 95 Liberty street; Messrs. J. L. Brownell & Bros., Bankers, 28 Broad street; Messrs. Bently, Miller & Co., 84 South street. Oregon: Messrs. Ladd & Tilton, Bankers, Portland; Hon. E. D. Shattuck, Portland; Messrs. Ladd & Bush, Bankers, Salem; A. A. McCully, Esq., Salem. d1841y

Hotels and Restaurants.

THE LAFAYETTE,

ORO FINO THEATER BUILDING.

SOL. HARRIS, Prop'r.

THIS POPULAR RESTAURANT HAS LATELY been elegantly fitted up.

PRIVATE ROOMS for Ladies and Gentlemen are attached to the house and every attention will be paid to customers.

The Tables are supplied with the best the market affords. oct1d1f

ASTOR HOUSE,

ON FIRST ST., BET. OAK AND PINE,

One block below the Theater.

THE ONLY FIRST CLASS HOTEL IN PORTland where guests can obtain the full value of their money. New House, New Furniture—everything about the House new and clean.

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day	1 00

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Per week [illegible] $10 and upwards
Day Boarders, per week [illegible] $7 50
Suites of Rooms for Families at proportionate rates, per night [illegible] 75c

This being the only First Class Hot

BENNETT.

THE FOUNDER OF THE NEW YORK HERALD—REVIEW OF THE LIFE-WORK OF THE DYING OLD MAN.

[N. Y. Correspondence of the Rochester Democrat.]

BENNETT A FRENCHMAN.

Notwithstanding the fact that Bennett is descended from one of the old Highland families, I have always considered him more French than Scotch, and I am inclined to think that in the commingling of nationalities which marked the wars of the Protender, some inter-marriage occurred introducing this feature. Bennett's philosophy is that of the style of Rousseau rather than that of Hume, and in his entire career he has shown the vivacity of French blood, combined with French temerity. I do not think it possible that any absolute Scotchman could have built up the *Herald*. They are too heavy or if you please, "too solid." Bennett as a combatant was as dashing as Marshal Ney, and his motto was "*Audace et toujours audace.*" The early pages of the *Herald* sparkle like champagne, and were the prominent light reading of the day. Look how he pins upon his lance such men as Tom Hamlin, M. M. Noah, James W. Webb, and others who came beneath his displeasure! There were but two men in this city who bore his lash with composure, these were David Hale and Horace Greeley; all others do ded it. Sometimes it brought personal assults, but these did not intimidate. It is, indeed, surprising to see how the latter were made to work a benefit in spite of a damage. When Jared W. Bo and Tom Hamlin came to his sanctum [illegible] personal violence, the public were amused to see [illegible] advertised as their Bennett indeed offered a large reward for the arrest of $400, which, as he said, was missing when they departed. This was a retaliation which these men did not expect, and which showed how easily Bennett could turn the tables on them.

REMINISCENCES.

Old men are full of talk over the past; and though Bennett is getting very feeble, yet if any one could suggest the strange events in his life, I think it would wake him up to full consciousness. Bennett's history is yet to be written, and if properly done will be the most interesting book ever issued from the Press. About twenty years ago the late [illegible] C. Pray, who once had a desk in the *Herald* office, wrote a "Life of Bennett," but it was too [illegible] to give the matter a thorough handling. Parts [illegible] are startling to the same time, but the [illegible] still [illegible] and invites attention. Bennett's several [illegible] were levied at such men as Noah, the leading Jewish editor, Webb of the Courier, Hamlin, the actor, and William H. Seward, then Gov. War was his delight. [illegible] were invited to make their worst [illegible], and were warned to prepare for a [illegible]. [illegible] soon be worsted, and them would learn too late that he had only more "his own punishment. As a soldier of the pen, Bennett was vigilant and persevering. His application to office work would have ruined any but a Scotch constitution. At times his health suffered extremely, but the *Herald* never showed neglect. It was spicy and [illegible] while its [illegible] on all the ills of editorial life. The *Herald* was Bennett, but always the cheerful, gay, triumphant Bennett, who scarcely bore a penalty of success in silence.

BENNETT AT PRESENT.

He is an old man with two elephants on his hands. One is the *Herald* and the other the great house at Fort Washington, ten miles out of town. The first he would have sold some time ago if he [illegible] got the price. His son is not a journalist, and never will be one, so the paper is [illegible] by a [illegible] man. Putnam, who keeps it also, [illegible] with all public matters. Different parties have talked about buying the *Herald*, but who has $1,000,000 to invest in such an enterprise? The Fort Washington property, containing 40 acres, and is immensely valuable; but it would look badly, and, in fact, involve loss of position to sell it while [illegible] Many [illegible] able. Hence it [illegible] in town. Young Bennett, who [illegible] would become distinguished as a navigator. His turn for yachting and [illegible] naval matters is no affectation. He has always had a predilection for [illegible] and naturally [illegible] but while he enjoys prominence as Commodore of the [illegible] position will prevent that effort which would lead to [illegible] Bennett's [illegible] broken down with age, but has held out wonderfully, considering the [illegible] he has undergone. In this feature he has only been equaled by Greeley, and it may be remarked that Greeley was the only editor whom he respected. It is true that he [illegible] but this was only an [illegible] of envy. How much he [illegible] Greeley may be judged by the fact that he once proposed to hire a [illegible].

A FURTHER REFERENCE TO NEWS.

I have said that as a news collector Bennett never had an equal. In that day there was no telegraph, and editors were thrown on their own resources, and in this Bennett showed great fertility. The European news by the [illegible] was conveyed [illegible] to Portland by pony express. The [illegible] horses gave out on one important occasion, while Bennett's came through. The circulation was at once raised as there was no special article in the [illegible] Bennett got the news from the [illegible] had a press and [illegible] of the steamer. When the latter reached our wharf, the "Extra Heralds" were rushed off to the eager community. Bennett's amazing success, as well as his pungent [illegible], justified the then title of the "Satanic Press."

[illegible]

One of his feats has been explained, at least in a manner satisfactory to the public. Thirty years ago a very important question arose between England and America, and a war was imminent. A British subject had been arrested on American soil for a crime which had been committed in the service of his country. American public spirit claimed his conviction, while Britain pronounced it a [illegible] bill. The case was in the [illegible] and the [illegible] was [illegible] ly excited. This [illegible] to [illegible] this suspense was Bennett, who announced Mr. [illegible]'s acquittal one day in advance of the mail. He said that the news was brought by a carrier pigeon, but it is probable he merely knew as much of it as [illegible] sawing of the matter. At any rate, though the affair be [illegible] forgotten, it would be well to have this old mystery explained.

GOOD ET IPLE.

Whatever may have been Bennett's faults, he set a good example in his temperate habits. Even in the weakness of old age, while driving around his country seat in a pony cart, he got no further than tippling [illegible] per beer. He was constitutionally abstinent and no appetite ruled him. Indeed, neither of these men has ever pursued eating or drinking for pleasure. Bennett's ambition was simply the attainment of power, while Greeley's was to reform society. Both were successful, for Bennett became the dread of all public men, while Greeley bore a leading part in the abolition of slavery, the greatest reformation which America has ever witnessed.

[illegible]

Bennett maintained his attention to the *Herald* until after the close of the rebellion; but since then he has gradually relinquished it, and last year he gave the business generally into the hands of his oldest son, the Commodore. Like Wolsey, he might exclaim, "A long farewell," etc. He has worked for nearly sixty years, and it was time to rest. The tenacity of his constitution may prolong his existence, but his mental powers are quite gone. In this respect his condition reminds us of the lines in Johnson's "Vanity of Human Wishes," where for [illegible] greatness is contrasted with the weakness of senility. "From Marlboro's eyes the tears of dotage flow," etc. Bennett has out-lived almost all of his opponents, and those who survive are, like himself, worn out, with old age. Were the thing practicable, I would like to see these old men meet at a general supper, where they might enjoy a good table and a genial chat over old times and the lively combats of their youth.

Why is flirtation like plate powder? Because it brightens up spoons.

"Bundling" among the Pennsylvania Dutch.

A correspondent of a New York paper, writing from Pennsylvania, presents the following curious statements:

The domestic felicity of the Germans, the happiness of their marriages and the health and number of their children do not yet relieve them of the broadly prevalent imputation of "bundling," a subject upon which they are never sensitive when it is inquired into, unlike the New Englanders of the Connecticut and Hudson valleys, whose grandmothers were accomplished and systematic bundlers, but who fly into high dudgeon if the imputation be broached. The Pennsylvania Dutch merely laugh when the thing is charged upon them, and reply:

"Well, I suppose our good ancestors lived in rather close quarters and could not give up the whole house to the young people, so they allowed a young man the freedom of his sweetheart's bed-chamber, knowing that he would not abuse it. In earlier times marriages were made a civil contract in this province, and a month more or less, in case of accidents, led to no scandal, provided the young man did right about it in the end. Some cases existed where there were no forms of marriage at all, and it is doubtful if all of us can discover the certificates and registers of our legitimacy except by hallowed tradition. The squire's or parson's endorsement required a fee, which was onerous to our thrifty forefathers. In those days there was less heartlessness and abandonment of wives and offspring than we witness now, and, indeed, bundling was the opportunity of the smart girl to get a husband. After the churches began to preach against it the girls held out to the last that by diminishing the fervor of the courtship they failed to catch the man. Bundling, in fact, was a chaste and traditional custom of courtship on bed, not more wilful or familiar than the usual fondling or caressing of young people mutually in love in all ages. No person was ever shot for seduction in those times; the husbands did not carry off their neighbors' wives. Our domestic record will bear comparison with any other people's, living or past."

The question may be asked if bundling is still practiced in any part of Dutch Pennsylvania?

In the old and time-honored sense of courting in bed, with a coverlet, more less, between, I believe that the custom is now nearly wholly extinct, although in the region of Reamstown, Lancaster county, and in Oley township, Berks county, it was not uncommon up to the breaking out of the war.

The obtuseness and trustfulness of Dutch parents remains nearly as perfect as before, however, and their daughters are allowed to go riding by day or night to country [illegible] and picnics, or to impromptu [illegible] and [illegible], the rain's allowed to drop over the pony's [illegible], and he, in a well regulated way, at a slow and patient pace, finds his [illegible] over the country, while the fiddle is playing in the little hamlet tavern, with their low ceilings and deep stone window sills, the brown [illegible] hitched in front under the swinging sign of "General Muhlenberg" or the "Cross Keys," and the afore-said [illegible] couples sitting in the sills of the windows or rolling through the impassioned clumsiness of the waltz, or strolling in the moonlight under the [illegible] trees and sheltering button balls, on their [illegible] beer and imitate their father's remembered fondness.

These country dances are as vehement and quaint as ever, and the picnicing and quilting, [illegible] meeting, [illegible] conducted in Deutschland is incredible.

[illegible]

The Josh Billings Figures.

SHORT ANSWER TO LONG [illegible].

Charles: A kat is not tew be [illegible] 9 inch square deth.

It iz almost impossible tew tell when a kat iz ded without the aid ov a kuriass jury.

The only one way myself to judge ov a ded kat.

If a kat iz killed in the fall ov the year, and is thrown over the stun wall into your nabor's yard, and [illegible] that all [illegible] hank, and don't thaw out in the spring, and keeps quiet during the summer months, and ain't missin when winter sets in agin, I kan always sed that that kat was ded, or was playin the thing dredful fine.

Albert—The length ov time that a goose kan stan' on one leg depends intirely upon the nativ endurance ov the goose.

A good tuff goose, I should think, mite do it for three weeks bi swopping legs okkasionally.

Frederik—Injuns can be civilized once in a while, but it duzn't pay at 200 cent. oph from the value ov the Injun, besides hurting the general reputashun ov civilizashun.

Jonathun—There is a grate manny tite spots in this world, and probably the best way tew get out ov them iz tew dig out.

There is another way tew get out ov them that I kno ov, and that iz tew sit still and thro the spot out.

This requires both patishnse and judgment.

A tite spot is a good deal like a monstrous dredful easy tew get into, but unhandy tew get out ov.

Tite spots ain't like a knot hole, natural, but they are like a 2-inch auger hole, manufactured.

Mankind are tew blame themselves for all the tite spots that is pretty much.

I don't think it hurts a man tew get into a tite spot once in a while; it kind ov gits him an index ov the hole he kan fill tew the best advantage.

Sum folks are always hunting for tite spots, and kan most always find them; this may increase their cunning, but it never will increase their [illegible].

[illegible] for the tite spots, they luv easy boots.

Jerry—I never was logikal, I never was a klose communion thinker. I have all mi thinking on the jump; I always shute on the wing, and have made splendid misses, but once in a while hav brought down mi animal.

I never take a shot [illegible] when I shute; I hav always felt as tho there was more suckcess in missing yure bird on the wing than there was in hitting it on the nest.

But probably this ain't so.

Jim—Speaking of lazyness sets me tew thinking that lazyness must hav bin the condishun ov man if he had always lived in the garden of Eden.

If Adam had had plenty ov jobs on hand, the devil would hav had a harder job to seduce him.

Adam would never hav bilt enny raleroads, nor Nikolsum payementa in the garden of Eden, nor never would have begneathed us enny heathen tew kultivate.

It iz also true, on the other hand, that he never wud hav worn enny tite boots, nor sheet iron shoes.

About the biggest joke there iz, about the fall of man, iz, that he has larnt how tew "rute, hog or die."

This iz worth, in my opinyun, very near fust cost.

[illegible]

Samaritan Lodge No. 2, I. O. O. F.—[illegible] every Wednesday evening at o'clock, in Odd Fellows Temple, corner [illegible] and Alder Sts. Members of the deck [illegible] attend. By order of [illegible]

Harmony Lodge, No. 12, A. F. & A. M.—Regular Communications on the Second and Fourth Monday evenings of each month. By order of the W. M.

Hassalo Lodge No. 15, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Friday evening at 7 o'clock in Odd Fellows Temple, corner [illegible] and Alder Streets. Members of the [illegible] are invited to attend. By order of N. G.

Portland R. A. C. No. 1.—Regular Convocation on the second Thursday evening of each month at Masonic Hall, No. 14 North Front street. By order of [illegible] M. E. H. P.

C. A. V. Baker Post No. 1.—Regular meeting every Saturday evening at Rodgerall Hall, corner First and Madison sts. All comrades in good standing invited to attend. By order of POST COMMANDER.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

PORTLAND, FRIDAY EVENING, Feb 2, 1872.

Gold in New York, 110.

Portland Legal Tender quotations, 89½c buying and 91½c selling.

The duties collected at this port last month (January) aggregate $43,679 82.

The regular monthly collections were not at all satisfactory on account of the stringency of the money market, consequent upon a steady call for taxes and other purposes.

Can any one inform us why it is that the North Pacific Transportation Company's pilots take the Company's vessels down, drawing over 17 feet, while the river pilots cannot take vessels either up or down drawing over 16 feet?

The tables we present below will be found of great value to many. The tables giving our growth in commercial relations with foreign countries are invaluable as reference to all.

The following Statistics we have from the Customs Office at Astoria, Oregon, concerning the Foreign Commerce carried over the Columbia river bar from Jan. 1, 1861, to Dec. 31, 1871:

	Vessels arrived from Foreign Countries. No.	Tons.	Vessels departed to Foreign Countries. No.	Tons.
1861—American Vessels	12	9,010	9	9,040
Foreign vessels	None		None	
1862—American Vessels	27	24,098	27	27,323
Foreign	None		None	
1863—American Vessels	16	14,893	27	28,386
Foreign	None		None	
1864—American Vessels	23	17,096	30	32,180
Foreign	None		None	
1865—American Vessels	30	10,487	40	32,444
Foreign	None		None	
1866—American Vessels	11	2,895	13	3,668
Foreign	15	2,627	14	2,454
1867—American Vessels	10	20,050	16	3,520
Foreign	14	6,458	18	3,153
1868—American Vessels	45	18,038	49	14,094
Foreign	1	1,028	1	1,028
1869—American Vessels	64	28,928	14	21,980
Foreign	3	1,191	3	1,191
1870—American Vessels	20	17,132	44	18,931
Foreign	9	5,188	6	2,969
1871—American Vessels	22	11,741	70	12,187
Foreign	3	1,010	11	6,367

IMPORTS FROM AND EXPORTS TO FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

Year.	Imports.	Exports.
1861	$1,302	$76,615
1862	5,564	114,536
1863	39,220	90,852
1864	103,146	199,970
1865	176,289	359,767
1866	172,402	167,646
1867	99,855	107,466
1868	168,749	380,884
1869	416,713	423,649
1870	294,771	249,140
1871	179,476	344,044

The following statistics are from the Portland Custom's Office since its organization, which when added to the above gives our direct trade and its increase since 1861:

	No. Arrived.	Tons.	No. Departed	Tons
1870 (for Oct., Nov. and Dec.)				
American Vessels	4	2,450	6	3,650
Foreign	4	2,283	3	1,282
1871—American Vessels	20	9,040	37	17,433
Foreign	7	3,429	11	6,408

VALUE OF IMPORTS FROM AND EXPORTS TO FOREIGN PORTS.

	Imports.	Exports.
New York (Nov. and Dec.)	$119,446	$117,800
1871	602,207	602,207

Exports.

The following tables give the exports from this port for the month of January:

TO SAN FRANCISCO.

Apples, dri'd, pkgs	71	Hop poles, tons	1,184
Apples, fresh, bxs	5,227	Hides	27
Bacon and Hams, pa	66	Leather, rolls	28
Cider, pkgs	18	Meal, pkgs	12
Feed, sks	1,007	Potts, bbls	28
Flour, bbls	11,522	Bran, pkgs	28
Flour, sks	423	Shingles, pkgs	28
Fruit, preserved, ca	18	Woolen Goods, pkgs	28
Hops, bales	8	Wheat, sks	6,253

TO HITES, PUGET SOUND AND VICTORIA.

Apples, dried, pkgs	18	Feed, sks	1,662
Apples, fresh, bxs	265	Groceries, etc, pkgs	47
Bacon & Hams, pkgs	14	Lard, ca	10
Boots & Shoes, pkgs	15	Mdse, pkgs	72
Butter, kegs	10	Shingles, bdls	400
Dry Goods, etc., ca	16	Wheat, sks	1,117
Flour, bbls	1,600		

TO CHINA:

Old Iron, Glassware, etc., etc., pkgs	104	Flour, bbls	9,015
		Value	$58,223

TO THE UNITED KINGDOM:

Wheat, centals	38,621
Value	$73,312

Imports.

The following table gives the principal articles and the amount of each imported at this port last month (January):

Alcohol, ca	13	Mackerel, pkgs	99
Agricult'l Imp, pkgs	407	Nails, kgs	3,900
Ales, ca	59	Nails, bxs	40
Alphabets, sts	120	Onions, sks	63
Ar—unition	714	Oil, ca	53
Butter, pkgs	89	Oil, bbls	9
Building mat'ls, pkgs	1,285	Oil, Lard, bbls	25
Barley, sks	631	Oil, Petroleum, ca	1,791
Beer, ca	1,200	Oil, Sperm, ca	4,000
Boots and Sh—, ca	241	Pickles, pkgs	232
Cigars, ca	48	Pumps	82
Canned Goods, ca	259	Pipes, iron	322
Coffee, bxs	1,320	Potatoes, sks	2,679
Coffee, bgs	2,200	Paints, kgs	1,218
Coal, sks	417	Pie Fruit, ca	150
Coal, tons	358	Rice, sks	180
Corn, sks	170	Rice, mats	146
Cheese, ca	24	Raisins, pkgs	210
Cigars, bxs	1,000	Soap, bxs	1,000
Dry goods, Clothing, ca	121	Salt, pkgs	1,202
Drugs, pkgs	169	Salt, tons	50
Domestics, bales	39	Stove castings, pkgs	1,204
Furniture, pkgs	263	Stationery, pkgs	101
Fruits, fresh, bxs	152	Sugar, Refined pkgs	1,020
Fruits, dried, bxs	309	Sugar, Raw, bgs	2,978
Flour, pkgs	37	Sugar, Raw, bxs	811
Glass, bxs	190	Shoes, Mens, pkgs	69
Crockery and Glassware, pkgs	174	Spices, ca	132
Groceries, pkgs	100	Spices, bales	11
Hardware, pkgs	261	Spirits, pkgs	1,102
Hollow ware, pkgs	157	Shot, pkgs	108
Iron, bars	1,915	Tea, pkgs	419
Iron, bdls	647	Tobacco, pkgs	237
Iron, plates	21	Tin, pigs	49
Iron, sheets	108	Tin, bxs	850
Liquors, pkgs	189	Tinware, pkgs	95
Liquors, ca	108	Tobacco, ton	194
Lard, in bxs, kgs	24	Vegetables, pkgs	124
Lead, pigs	42	Wall paper, bxs	327
Lime, bbls	1,065	Wines, pkgs	38
Molasses, pkgs	325	Wire Lead, pkgs	60
Matches, tins	40	Zinc, pkgs	28
Mascaroni, bxs	92	B. M. mater'ls, pkgs	14,440
		R. R. rails	11,291
		R. R. materials, tons	810

Daily Receipts of Produce.

Per *E. N. Ybbs*—2 bxs eggs, Loveridge, Wadhams & Co; 4 bxs eggs, C B Silver; 2 bxs eggs, L White & Co; 1,012 qr sks flour, 50 bxs apples, Allen & Lewis; 1 bx O'Connor, 9 bales woolen goods, B B & Co; 40 qr sks flour, G Sheppard; 500 qr sks flour, D M & Co; 1, 000 qr sks, 600 bf sks, flour, Savier & Co.

Per *Senator*—400 bf sks flour, B B & Co; 200 sks feed, 30 qr sks flour, D P Giltner; 30 sks feed, J P Mattingly; 20 bxs apples, 100 sks feed, 2,000 qr sks flour, Allen & Lewis; 65 sks feed, Scarling & Boone.

LIST OF LETTERS REMAINING IN THE POST-Office at Portland, February 2, 1872.

Persons calling for these letters must give the date on which they are advertised.

LADIES' LIST.

Haley, Mrs M L	Jones, Miss Flora J
Hartl, Mrs A J	
Barnard, Mrs Harriet	Mark, Emeline
Beal, Mrs J A	Mayberry, Miss Rhoda
Brithbarth, Twin	McCall, Mrs Edw
	McPolain, Miss Ellen
Call, Mrs Chas C	Mowatt, Mrs M E
Case, Mrs Mary	Miller, Mrs M E
Clark, Mrs Chas S	
Cunningham, Miss L	Powell, Rebecca
	Phillipps, D A
Daily, Mrs M P	
	Rogers, Mrs Susan
Eckel, J E	Riley, Miss M A
Flyer, Mrs Mary	Sanford, Mrs Wm
Hall, Mrs Ely	Shaw, Miss Cath
Holdsworth, Anna M	Smith, Mrs E W
Jones, Mrs D S	Thorkinson, Mrs M
Jones, Miss M A T	Walters, Mrs N C
Joyce, Mrs Wm	

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

Anderson, Rev J W	Insley, Jos	Ott, John	
Archer, Richard		Oakley, Josiah	
	Geary, Maurice	Peterson, Jorgan	
Blum, Isaac	Gray, J	Powell, J W	
Ball, David W	Greenaway, G H	Powers, Andrew	
Baker, Samuel	Green, John	Powell, Patrick	
Barrette, Conrad	Green, S H	Philpott, Wm	
Barrat, Mathew	Gorrell, F H		
Barnes, Mr		Quaid, Wm	
Bora, C	Hagerty, D A	Rhinerr, Jacob	
Beck, S A	Hays, Fred	Revel, I S	
Benjamin, W W	Hammon, A	Rewson, Chas	
Bicknell, Marion	Hammond, Fleich	Reckmaner, J W	
Bissell, Capt C F	Harker, John	Rood, D	
Buff, Thos	Hall, Langley	Reid, Geo	
Buck, John	Hall, Chas	Richs, T C	
Buckler, Emil	Hanson, Geo H	Rose, D	
Burbank, Geo B	Hedrick, Jos	Rosner, Adam	
Brown, R R	Hong, Onway	Roberts, O P	
Briggs, Dea J	Hughes, W B	Robinson, Chas	
Bradley, W R	Hughes, Sam W	Robinson, Geo	
Brithbarth, H			
Brambulis, John	Jackson, G	Sorrenson, Julius	
	Jones, S C	Spaulding, Colon	
Callahan, Thos		Slattery, Wm	
Cadoman, Marcel	Killer, C S	Spratt, T J	
Cadoman, Morris	Kirkpatrick, S A	Shores, Jos	
Cooper, Sam W B		Shepard, J V	
Carraher, Owen	Lawlor, L	Showers, Wm	
Cook, C W	Lain, Chas	Shearer, J T	
Cota, Manuel	Landes, J	Smith, Thos	
Cobb, Edw	Lewis, Henry	Smith, Jos R	
Crow, Wm	Long, Julius	Smith, Jos T	
Cl—, Jno	Leach, J D	Stansbury, J S	
Cunningham, J P		Sturgill, Hon	
Curtiss, Josh	Malson, O W	Storm, C D	
	Madison, Mr	Stiles, J W	
Donnelly, D	Manldin, P A	Stark, Wm F	
Dean, W	Mackey, B	Sewall, Wm H	
Decker, Chas	Manning, Martin	Stewart, John L	
Delay, Jos	Maulsby, J T	Stevens, Dr S	
Dodge, W S	Mallaur, Otave		
Dunbar, S S	Manning, H D		
Durkin, Cant	Myers, A S		
Dupont, Prof	McCord, John	Terson, Dale	
Dudley, Geo W	McKie, Samuel	Thomas, David M	
Duncan, Chas	McKidowny, Edw	Thompson, W C	
Driscoll, John B	McDevitt, John	Taggart, Wm	
	McDowell, J M	Trower, Benj	
Eldridge, Geo B	Morgain, Platy	Turnbull, Wm	
Emery, Lewis T	Morey, Perry		
Elliott, Geo	Mower, Jr	Wegley, C	
	Mitchell, W S	Warren, W H	
Furry, Geo W	Murphey, Thos	Weger, T F	
Fuchs, Johan		Winters, John	
Foche, Dr	Morton, W S	Wilmer, Henry	
Faraghet, Thos C	Norrissey, John B	Woods, John	
Feal, Mr		Wilcox, Wm	
Franz, Gerhard	O'Regan, Danl		

REGISTERED LETTERS.

Burrows, R

LETTERS HELD FOR POSTAGE

Mr Reavor, Milwaukie, Or.
John Neason, Macon, Mo.
C F. Lauer, The Dalles.
C. Richards, Oaxca, Mexico.
J. J. Orchard, Scio, Or.
J. H. Dickinson, Benicia, Cal.
Sam Stephens, Albany, Or.
W. W. Morton, San Francisco.
D. F. Dolton, San Francisco.
D. O. Severance, Springville, Or.
T. Fitzgerald, Scio, Or.
J. Stansbury, Batavia, Iowa.
H. Brummel, McMinnville, Or.
W. Henderson, Astoria, Or.
R. R. Williams, Salem, Or.
Miss E. J. Hold, Prairie Grove, Iowa.
L. Algellinger, San Francisco, Cal.
R. S. Nash, Sacramento.
Peter Jingpson, Chicago, Ill.
Walan Rhodes, Milwaukie, Or.
Rev. Father Thorney, South Boston, Mass.
T. Wilbycombe, Adelaide, Australia.
E. Dolan, Vallejo.
S. Mans, Louisville, Ky.
Frad. Washburne, Muscatin, Iowa.
Sam Chastelin, Summer House, Or.
S. S. Sanborn, San Diego, Cal.
J. F. Witten, Eugene City, Or.
Miss M. Barnes, Portland, Or.
Robt. McKee, Camp Harney, Or.
Miss R. M. Arnold, Portland.
D. H. Cornell, Hayscens, Cal.

Hotels and Restaurants.

THE LAFAYETTE,

ORO FINO THEATER BUILDING.

SOL. HARRIS, Prop'r.

THIS POPULAR RESTAURANT HAS LATELY been elegantly fitted up.

PRIVATE ROOMS for Ladies and Gentlemen are attached to the house and every attention will be paid to customers.

The Tables are supplied with the best the market affords. [illegible]

ASTOR HOUSE,

ON FIRST ST., BET. OAK AND PINE,

One block below the Theater.

THE ONLY FIRST CLASS HOTEL IN PORTland where guests can obtain the full value of their money. New House, New Furniture—everything about the House neat and clean.

A good square meal for	$ 25
Lodging	25
Board and Lodging, per week	5 00
" day	1 00

Best accommodations for families. Give me a call.

B. L. LONGFELLOW, Prop'r.

NOTICE.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES

AT THE

ST. CHARLES HOTEL

FROM THE FIRST DAY OF AUGUST THE PRICE of Board and Rooms will be reduced to the following rates:

Transient Room and Board, per day [illegible] $2 00
Suites of Rooms and Board, Extra [illegible] $2.00 to 4 00
Permanent, single Room and Board:
Per week [illegible] $10 and upwards
Bay Boarders, per week [illegible] $7 00
Suites of Rooms for families in proportion.
Meals, per night [illegible] 50c

This being the only First Class Hotel in the city being built of brick, with Bar and Billiard Rooms on the premises. Table and attendance unsurpassed on the Coast and all the modern improvements—the subscriber trusts with the above combination of advantages to meet with a proportionate share of patronage from the citizens of Portland and the traveling public.

jy29dtf JOHN J. JACOBS, Proprietor

AMERICAN EXCHANGE!

(LATE LINDSEY HOUSE,)

Corner Washington and Front Streets

PORTLAND, OREGON.

E. P. W. QUIMBY & C. H. PERKINS, HAVING taken the above House, wish to announce to the public that they are now prepared to accommodate guests in a satisfactory manner. Nothing will be left undone, which is in the power of the proprietors to do, to render [illegible] comfortable.

FREE COACH TO THE HOUSE.

Portland, Feb. 2, 1867. dtf

Upper Columbia and Idaho.

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION.

JOHN R. FOSTER & CO.

UMATILLA, OREGON.

WE ARE FULLY PREPARED TO RECEIVE Consignments of Goods to be Forwarded to all points in Oregon, Idaho, Montana and Owyhee, and can offer superior inducements to shippers by having a large

FIRE PROOF WAREHOUSE

for the Storage of goods, and a long experience which enables us to make shipments at the very lowest rates.

All matters connected with the Forwarding and Commission Business promptly attended to.

Consignments solicited. Mark goods, Care J W F.

Always on hand a full assortment of

Groceries, Provisions, and Clothing

MECHANICS' MINERS' & BLACKSMITHS' TOOLS,

Also a large Stock of

IRON AND STEEL,

Which will be sold LOW FOR CASH.

JOHN R. FOSTER & CO.

424dtf

NOTICE.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S

Fast Freight Line

TO IDAHO!

ON AND AFTER JULY 1, 1871, OUR RATES on FAST FREIGHT (on 50 pounds or upwards, not less than 25 pounds per cubic foot) will be as follows From Portland to La Grande [illegible] 12 cents per pound;

"	"	Baker City	16 " "
"	"	Boise City	20 " "
"	"	Idaho City	26 " "
"	"	Silver City	30 " "

WELLS, FARGO & CO.

Portland, July 1, 1871. jy1dtf

Grocers.

R. PITTOCK,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS,

Cor. First and Morrison streets,

AND

No. 9 North Front street.

PORTLAND, OREGON.

HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR PRODUCE Consignments solicited. oc26dtf

WM. WADHAMS, Portland. E. K. LEVERIDGE, A. F. EVERETT, 318 Front St., San Francisco.

LEVERIDGE, WADHAMS & CO.,

(SUCCESSORS TO E. G. SNEATH,)

WHOLESALE GROCERS

AND

Forwarding & Commission Merchants,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

LEVERIDGE, EVERETT & CO.,

Commission and Forwarding Merchants,

318 Front St., corner of Commercial,

SAN FRANCISCO. dtf

EDUCATIONAL.

BISHOP SCOTT GRAMMAR SCHOOL,

THE EASTER TERM WILL BEGIN THURSDAY, Feb. 1st. Increased accommodations for Pupils. For particulars, apply to the HEAD MASTER, At the School. ja26d2w-12 9t

THE EASTER TERM OF ST. HELEN'S HALL! Will begin on Thursday, Feb. 1st.

THE NEW BUILDING WILL FURNISH IN-creased accommodations for Boarding Pupils. ja25d2w-12 8t

OYSTERS.

The BEST of FRESH SHOALWATER BAY OYSTERS RECEIVED THREE TIMES A WEEK AND Served in Every Style, at ALISKY & HEGELE'S, 107 First Street, opposite the Postoffice. ja1ddt

Markets.

PACIFIC MARKET.

W. S. SPENCER,

DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

Fresh Meats,

AND

PACKER OF BEEF & PORK

Highest Price paid for all kinds of FAT STOCK.

NO. 2 NORTH FRONT STREET,

Ja23 PORTLAND, OREGON. dtf

UNION MARKET,

Cor. SECOND & WASHINGTON Sts.

HAVING PURCHASED THE ENTIRE INTEREST of SCHLOTH & SHERLOCK in the above named Market, I am fully prepared to supply

ALL KINDS OF MEAT

OF GOOD QUALITY at the

LOWEST MARKET PRICE.

my12dtf ISAAC BERGMAN.

Portland Market.

E. H. CARLING,

SECOND STREET, COR. MORRISON,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON hand the best of all kinds of [illegible] Also [illegible] delivered Charge. KOSHER BEEF, VEAL and MUTTON always on hand. Portland, Feb. 17, 1871. dtf

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CHARLES DIMON.

COMMISSION MERCHANT

FOR

Buying, Selling and Forwarding all kinds of Merchandise.

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Goods marked to my care will be shipped VIA ISTHMUS, RAIL OR CAPE HORN as instructed.

Refer to Messrs. Ladd & Tilton, Knapp, Burrell & Co., and Savier & Co., Portland; R. M. Wade, Esq., Salem. [illegible]

J. M. KEELER & CO.,

95 Liberty St., New York.

OREGON AND N. W. COMMISSION AGENCY.

FOR BUYING AND FORWARDING DIRECT, VIA Isthmus, Rail and Cape Horn, with San Francisco connections, all [illegible] and varieties of Merchandise and for sale of Goods from the North-West.

Advances made on approved consignments, and orders respectfully solicited. All orders and business will receive prompt attention.

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